Commodity Monthly Monitor

Nobody likes a show-off

11 May 2021 - 11 June 2021



Summary

Commodity markets have been roaring this year, with the Bloomberg Commodity Index Total Return posting a 19% return since the beginning of the year to end of May 21. That compared to a 13% return for the S&P 500 total return, 11% for the MSCI ACWI total return and -3% for the Bloomberg Barclays Global Aggregate Index. However, in recent weeks we have started to see some of this unravel, with the Bloomberg Commodity Index Total Return down nearly 4% from 31 May 2021 to 17 June 2021 (pagina the vear-to-date performance of the index to +15%).

Economic agents – households, companies, and governments – are starting to feel the pinch of high commodify prices and the show-off asset class is now getting unwarranted attention. Commodifies are now in the crosshairs of policymakers. In China, the government has sought to remove any speculative froth from the market. It also announced plans to release state reserves of copper, aluminium, and zinc. However, with unknown quantities that they hold and unclear timing for release of these reserves, it is hard to say what the market impact should be. In the absence of this information markets may be pricing in the worst. We believe that releasing reserves over the short-term does little to change the course of multi-year trajectory of supply shortages. More than RMB4.5fm in special-purpose bonds raised by local governments in China in 2020 will be spent somewhere. Traditionally 80% of proceeds from these bonds were spent on infrastructure projects which we note are extremely commodity intensive.

Elsewhere, rising soybean and soybean oil prices have posed problems for US gasoline refiners who are required to blend biofuels into their fuel mix. Refiners who cannot meet their requirements need to purchase renewable identification number (RIN) credits. The prices of these credits are at the highest level in their 13-year history. And pressure has mounted on policy makers for some relief. Soybean oil prices took a plunge last week on speculation that this relief will be offered.

May 2021 US inflation data came in at an eye watering 5%, considerably higher than the 4.7% consensus expectations and prior reading of 4.2%, Inflation was mostly driven by the so-called base effects of ultralow energy prices a year ago, with the Energy component up 28.5%. Commodities less food and energy were also up a substantial 6.5%. The Federal Reserve (Fed)'s stance has been that these elements are largely transitory, and they don't need to act upon it. But the breakdown of the data shows that strength is more pervasive than just a commodity rebound. The Federal Open Markets Committee's so called 'don-plots' released last week, which map the interest rate expectations of each member, showed that rate hikes are more likely to come in 2023 rather 2024 (where previous dots pointed to). The Fed also upgraded its economic growth projections after its meeting last week. The market has read this all as a howkish move and prices of most commodities have reacted negatively (after the cut-off for data included in this report). However, we feel that the Fed had to acknowledge the strength in the data and rate increases in a few years' time are unlikely to change the course of strong commodity demand and tight supply for the coming year.

Rising Treasury yields and the appreciating US dollar that followed the Fed's meeting hurt gold and silver particularly hard, but we believe the strength in inflation will continue to bolster the two metals, with recent dips providing a rice entry point.

While this month marks the start of policymakers looking more critically at commodity markets, we believe the fundamentals still point to commodity market strength. The energy market transition — movement towards more sustainable energy sources — will, in particular, be a boon for the materials needed for renewable energy and battery technologies which largely includes base metals.

- Structural case for gold remains intact despite the adverse response to the latest Fed meeting. Gold has experienced a strong adverse reaction to the latest US Federal Reserve (Fed) meeting following which the central bank has signalled that interest rates may rise earlier than previously anticipated.
- Energy was the top performing commodify sector in the past month, posting a 7% gain. Strength was broad-based, but led by natural gas, which posted an 11.5% gain. Natural gas is tracting at a skyear (seasonal) high on the back of above overage temperature expectations for July 2021, which should drive up the demand for natural gas as a feedstock into the electricity mix. Oil market lightness engineered by OPEC could be limited if the group acts on its own analysis showing that it needs to use more of the multi-decade high spare capacity.
- Agricultural commodifies weighed down by favourable weather conditions and ample supply. An
 improvement in weather forecasts in the US is bolstering optimism over supplies of grains. The US is
 also weighing a possible cut to biofuel targets resulting in further uncertainty for oilseeds demand.
- Industrial metals pare gains as copper's rally takes a pause. Copper's bull run over the last year was
 interrupted last month but the metal resisted the large sell-off among speculators well on the back
 of its strong fundamentals.

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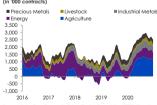
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	Current Price ²	Returns (-1 Mth)		Inventories ³ (- 3 Mths)	(- 1 Mth)	Roll Yield ⁵	11 Jun Score	17 Ma Score
WTI Oil	70.9	8.6%	33.9%	-4.9%	2%	0.4%	4	0
Brent Oil	72.7	6.0%	30.2%	-3.9%	-10%	0.8%	2	2
Natural Gas	3.30	11.5%	20.7%	34.5%	-57%	-0.5%	(2)	0
Gasoline	2.19	2.2%	35.2%	4.1%	-4%	0.0%	(2)	4
Heating Oil	2.12	3.9%	33.0%	9.9%	259%	-0.1%	0	2
Carbon	52.6	-0.6%	44.6%	-	-	0.0%	(2)	0
Wheat	6.81	-10.4%	7.5%	-2.1%	-42%	-0.7%	(1)	4
Corn	6.85	-9.9%	33.1%	1.6%	-14%	8.7%	(1)	2
Soybeans	15.1	-7.9%	15.5%	8.8%	-19%	1.8%	(1)	2
Sugar	0.18	-3.1%	13.1%	-4.1%	-7%	-0.7%	(1)	1
Cotton	0.87	-0.9%	11.5%	-3.8%	-19%	-2.6%	(1)	3
Coffee	1.57	6.5%	24.6%	-	8%	-1.3%	1	- 1
Soybean Oil	0.67	-0.1%	41.9%	-9.7%	0%	2.0%	3	2
Cocoa	2,350	-3.1%	-7.1%	-	2%	-2.2%	(1)	(3)
Aluminium	2,465	-1.4%	18.4%	-0.1%	-13%	0.5%	1	(2)
Copper (COMEX)	4.54	-5.0%	21.2%	-18.8%	-66%	0.1%	1	4
Copper (LME)	9,976	-4.6%	21.2%	45.8%	-26%	-0.1%	(3)	0
Zinc	3,028	1.1%	11.0%	-16.0%	1%	-0.1%	2	0
Nickel	18,205	1.7%	9.1%	-7.3%	-11%	0.0%	0	1
Lead	2,190	-0.7%	10.0%	30.1%	-3%	-0.2%	(3)	0
Tin	32,895	-1.3%	38.6%	-37.8%	-8%	1.0%	1	2
Gold	1,877	2.3%	2.1%	-	14%	-0.1%	1	- 1
Silver	28.1	1.7%	9.2%	-	-6%	-0.1%	(1)	4
Platinum	1,150	-7.2%	6.8%	-	-25%	-0.1%	(3)	1
Palladium	2,778	-5.0%	11.9%	-	-12%	-0.1%	(3)	(1)
Live Cattle	1.19	0.1%	4.5%	-	-5%	-1.1%	(1)	(3)
Lean Hogs	1.23	10.0%	47.6%	-	18%	2.3%	4	(1)
Feeder Cattle	1.51	11.7%	8.9%		52%	-1.5%	1 1	(4)

Performance ²	- 1 Mth	- 6 Mth	- 12 Mth
All Commodities	1.2%	26.9%	48.3%
Energy	7.0%	40.0%	48.7%
Industrial Metals	-2.1%	17.9%	56.4%
Precious Metals	2.1%	4.8%	14.6%
Agriculture	-3.7%	35.3%	67.4%
MSCI World	3.2%	15.2%	41.9%
US Aggregate Bond	1.0%	-1.4%	-0.2%
Bloomberg TR Indexes for basket WisdomTree, Bloomberg	returns, data to	Friday 11 June 2	2021. Source:

CFTC Net Speculative Positioning



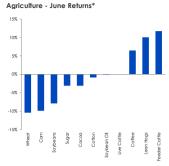
- Information not available. Green = returns positive, inventories falling, positioning rising, roll yield positive. Red = the opposite. Black = neutral. I Detailed explanation of the motific acculations can be found at the end of this report. 2.4 pincies are futures prices to fisiday 1 Ju and 1. Broad sector returns based on Biosothering Commodify holds family, 3% change in inventory over the part 3 months except for sugar and coffee which are based on part 4 months of adds sudded to 5 around by y (EDA, a CFIC futures and but COIR net positioning or at Jun 10, 201 and 3 and 1, 10, 201 respectively, % change in months except provision months. Social ded as 3 deference between front

Sector Overview



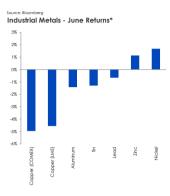
- Affactive

 Lean hog futures rose 10% over the prior month but persistent headwinds are likely to weigh on prices. Hog herds in China, the world's biggest pork consumer, are rebounding after the deadly. African Swine lever first struck in August 2018. Domestic prices of pigs have dropped considerably on expectation of improved production. This reduces the need for making overseas purchases, raising concerns for US pig exports. Furthermore, the US pork industry is facing a speed limit on hog studghtering due to a court fulling that could impact some of the US pork industry's biggest plants. Slowing plants could lead to a livestock backlog that could add further pressure on lean hog
- Coffee prices attained a four and a half year high on June 1. This is because the drought and high temperatures in major coffee growing regions in Brazil (the world's largest producer and exporter a coffee) during the second half of 1020 and in the early months of 2021 dampened the outlook for the current crop year. Added to that, the current season will be an off-year in the biennial cycle, resulting in lower production potential in the current crop. However, the long-awaited rainfall has arrived in Brazil, with further rain forecast for the next few days. While this is not relevant for the current crop, it does have an impact on next year's crop. Concerns about the outlook for the 2022/23 crop also had a role to play in coffee's recent upward trajectory. We expect the recent rainfall over Brazil major Arabica growing regions to weigh on coffee prices as the weaker outlook for the current crop year has largely been priced in.

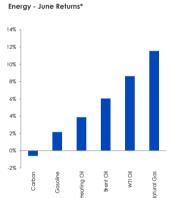


Industrial Metals

- Following months of positive momentum, industrial metals were down 2.1% last month, with copp being the biggest detractor, an unusual occurrence given the metal's strength over the last twelvemonths.
- Copper (COMEX) was down 5.0% last month after the metal reached new record highs at the start of May. Copper prices have held their ground relatively well given the sharp decline in speculative positioning in recent weeks. This is possibly explained by a recognition among investors that the physical market is likely to remain flight in the coming months. Clouds continue to loom over further supply lightness from Chile and Peru as two key copper-producing countries consider tighter environmental standards for the copper mining industry. This could mean higher taxes and fewer concessions. This may disincentivise miners from investing in new projects raising the possibility of supply shortages even as demand continues to grow. For now, copper's stary remains predicated on long ferm demand growth, and the bearish speculative sentiment could turn again offering reprieve from some of the headwinds the metals has faced in recent weeks.
- Nickel made gains of 1.7% last month. In February 2021, Chinese company Tsingshan announced Nickel made gains of 1.7% (ast month. In February 2021, Chinese company Tsingshan announced that it will be producing higher grade nickel from lower grade ores. Nickel prices fell sharply as a result. While it may be possible to purify lower grade nickel ores into battery grade nickel, the process could have a significant environmental impact. Given battery grade metal is a core component of the electric vehicle revolution, which is seeking to reduce environmental impact, Isingshan's plan may not come to fruition in its entirety. Since the end of April, nickel prices have been recovering steadily. Speculative positioning, which also fell sharply in February, is recovering This signifiles a growing recognition among investors that nickel's long-term prospects continue to look promising given the structural tightness in battery-grade nickel.



- With above average temperatures predicted for most of the United States for July (National Oceanic and Almospheric Administration, June 17th 2021), the demand for electricity to power airconditioning could also be above average. 40% of electricity in the US is made using natural gas (U.S. Energy Information Administration estimate, February 2021). More than 35% of natural gas consumed in the US goes into electric power, which is the largest source of natural gas demand by sector (U.S. Energy Information Administration). In 2020 electricity was the only sector to have increased its demand for natural gas pictes have railled 11.5% in the past month reflecting this potential for high demand, which marks a (seasonal) six-year high. The front end of the natural gas futures curve is relatively flat (with only a 0.5% roll drag at current, which is low by historic standards). Natural gas rigs in operation are rebuilding from 2020 lows but are still far from peak levels last seen in 2019. Interestingly, most of the increase in natural gas active rigs is primarily in the Haynesville formation, which has close proximity to natural gas export terminals. In 2020 about 45% of US natural gas exports were shipped overseas as liquefled natural gas (LNG) and this is a booming area of growth to meet energy deficits in Asia and Europe.
- The International Energy Agency (IEA), the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) and The Energy Information Agency (EIA) of the US have all raised their demand forecasts for oil. The IEA forecasts that oil demand will reach pre-pandemic levels by end of 2022. OPEC forecasts that world oil demand in 2021 will recover 6 million barrels per aday, while non-OPEC supply will only increase by 0.8 million barrels per day. That means that the call on OPEC is increasing to raise production levels. At the moment, OPEC hasn't announced any further production increases beyond the July increase of 841 thousand barrels per day (following production hikes in May and June). But it fully recognises the tightness in the market with the analysis it has done. Furthermore, OPEC spare capacity is at multi-decade highs, and therefore it has enough firepower to supply the market. We believe if there are any realised shortages in the market, that would be an intentional policy outcome from OPEC. OPEC has the potential to supply the market amply.
- Although carbon prices have pulled back 7% from the peak that was reached on 14th of May 2021, they are still trading close to 45% above 200 day moving average. With the challenge to decarbonise being so large, and an economic recovery taking shape across Europe (resuming economic activity usually increases carbon emitting activity), markets expect the availability of European Union Allowances to remain very tight.



- Precious metals were up 2.1% last month with gold and silver making gains while platinum and palladium experienced weakness
- Gold was up 2.3% last month. Gold's behaviour in the second quarter presents a very clear Gold was up 2.3% last month. Gold's behaviour in the second quarter presents a very clear narrative—the metal is being seen by investors as an effective hedge against inflation. At the time of this writing on 18 June, which is after the cut-off date for this repart's data, gold has had a strong adverse reaction to the latest US Federal Reserve meeting. We believe the Fed adjusting its forward guidance to signal a potential rate increase in 2023 instead of 2024 is a modest policy shift given the inflationary forces at play. Since market inflation expectations have been on the rise for months, response from the central bank ought to be expected. If inflation persists in the coming months, gold's price behaviour following the meeting may end up looking like an overreaction. With rates expected to remain low for years, real yields are well into negative territory as actual levels of inflation show sustained increases. Gold's value as a strategic hedge against inflation should remain intact. The recent price decline may be seen as an aftractive entry point.
- Silver is exhibiting its strong correlation with gold, benefitting over the period of this report, and pulling back along with gold in response to the Fed's meeting. Looking at the data in this report, net speculative positioning for both gold and silver has risen in the second quarter of this year. Silver further stands to benefit from its hybrid nature as part precious part industrial. According to the Warld Silver Survey published by The Silver Institute and Metals Focus in April, silver's industrial demand is expected to increase by 8% to 524 million ounces, a record high for their series that dates back to 2010. This is driven by growth in photovoltaics, a recovery in automotive demand, and strong demand for household electronics
- Platinum and palladium pulled back last month. This is possibly due to a combination of two
 things. First, the rally in industrial metals took a break last month and, given their very industrial
 nature, platinum and palladium are likely to have experienced weakness due to similar forces.
 Second, the automobile industry which accounts for most of the demand for the two metals –
 has experienced supply battlenecks in semiconductor chips causing, what could amount to a
 temporary blip in demand. Fundamentally, both metals are expected to be in a supply deficit this
 year meaning that their fortunes may be revived once the bottlenecks are resolved.



Technical Overview (as of Jun 11, 2021)

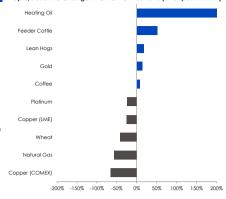


Positioning

- Net speculative positioning for gold increased 13.2% last month. Positioning is now above the preceding 5-year average but well below 1 standard deviation above the 5-year average – a level that was breached multiple times in the preceding 2 years.
- Platinum's speculative positioning, that had been rising steadily since October last year, fell 24.7% as supply challenges in the automobile industry hit platinum demonstrates.
- Net positioning in heating oil rose 260% over the past month, reaching back to its
 five-year average after being more than half a year below average. As global
 trade is picking up briskly, demand for shipping fuel is rising. Following the
 International Marine Organisation 2002 limits on sulphur, heating oil (otherwise
 known as ultralow sulphur diesel) has seen a boost in demand.
- Positioning in natural gas fell close to 60%. Positioning is more than one standard
 deviation below the five-year average. Despite the temperature forecasts which
 appear to be bullish for natural gas demand, market positioning appears to be
 somewhat downbeat on natural gas. The potential for a very strong supply
 response could be weighing on market sentiment. Natural gas figs in operation
 today are still lower than in March 2020 when the pandemic started.
- Net positioning on lean hogs is up 18.5% and is approaching 2-standard deviations above the long-term average, we expect this to reverse as the outlook on lean hogs appears more bearish owing to headwinds - weakening Chinese demand for US lean hog exports and slowing US slaughter rates.
- Net positioning on wheat futures declined 41.6% due to a 17% drop in long
 positioning. Investors turned bearish on wheat affer US Department of Agriculture
 (USDA) increased wheat supply forecasts by around 5.5mt on account of larger
 supply from the European Union (+3.5mt), Russia (+1mt) and Ukraine (+0.5mt).
 While global wheat demand was also raised higher by 2.4mt, wheat ending
 stocks estimates at the end of 2021/22 were revised higher.

Net speculative positioning for copper fell across both COMEX and LME. In both exchanges, speculative positioning is now around the preceding 5-year average, down from close to 2 standard deviations above the 5-year average towards the end of last year. Given how well copper prices have resisted the speculative bearishness, a reversal in sentiment could offer a huge additional boost to copper prices.

Top 5/Bottom 5 Change in CFTC Net Positions (over past month)¹

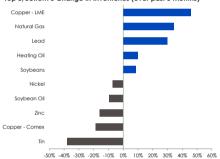


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nventories

- Natural gas inventory rose close to 35% over the past three months. Inventory
 should be rising over this time of year. Inventory gains are markedly lower than
 this time a year ago and sit closer to the bottom end of the five year seasonal
 historic average plus or minus one standard deviation range.
- Soybeans inventories have risen 8.8% over the prior 3 months. USDA raised its estimates for ending stocks for 2020/21 by around 15m bushels on account of lower crushing. While soybean oil inventories declined 9.7% reflecting strong consumption to date.
- While copper's LME inventories have accumulated over the last three months, COMEX inventories have declined.
- Zinc inventories are down 16% over the last three months and the metal has maintained its positive momentum over the period adding another 1.1% last month.
- Despite the build-up in exchange inventories over the last three months, lead prices have maintained positive momentum generally over the period with sentiment lending buoyancy to the industrial metal.

Top 5/Bottom 5 Change in Inventories (over past 3 months)²

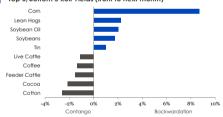


Source: Bloomberg

Curve Dynamic:

- Com futures curve has the steepest backwardation, providing a roll yield of 8.7% lower than 12.6% in the prior week. Favourable weather forecast in the US Midwest is likely to benefit the US com crop which should relieve near term tightness in the market.
- $_{\bullet}~$ Backwardation in lean hog futures increased providing a positive roll yield of 2.3% versus 0.3% a month back.
- Backwardation in the front end of soybean oil futures curve reduced considerably over the prior week from 5% to 2% owing to uncertainty surrounding the US government decision to provide some relief to refiners on the biofuel blending mandate.
- The front end of the soft agricultural commodities coffee, cocoa and cotton remain in contango owing to an ample supply situation in the near term.
- Tin's futures curve remains in sharp backwardation offering a roll yields of 1.0% as robust Chinese demand and low supply from Myanmar and Indonesia is being reflected in prices.

Top 5/Bottom 5 Roll Yields (front to next month)³

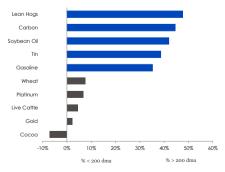


Source: Bloomberg

Technical

- Despite the weakness in price last month, platinum prices remain 6.8% above their 200-day moving average (dma).
- Gold's price gains over the period have taken the precious metal to 2.1% above
- Although carbon prices have pulled back 7% from the peak that was reached on 14th of May 2021, they are still trading close to 45% above 200-dma. With the challenge to decarbonise being so large, and an economic recovery taking shape across Europe (resuming economic activity usually increases carbon emitting activity), markets expect the availability of European Union Allowances to remain very tight.
- Lean Hogs have been the best performing commodity since the start of the year
 and are trading 48% above their 200-dma. However, near-term headwinds
 remain, including weakening Chinese demand for US lean hog exports coupled
 with slowing US sloughter rates, which should cap further upside.
- Soybean oil is trading 42% above its 200-dma. Any support measure from the US
 government for refiners in reducing the biodiesel content of fuel for 2021 and
 2022 could result in weaker demand for soybean oil and weigh on prices in the
 medium term.
- Wheat is trading 7.5% below its 50-dma, we expect prices to come under further pressure after USDA raised its estimates for global ending wheat stocks.
- Despite price being down 1.3% last month, tin remains 38.6% above its 200-dma.

Top 5/Bottom 5 Price Diff to 200 day moving av. (dma)⁴



iource: Bloomberg

¹ CFIC futures net positioning as at report date, percent change from previous month. ² Percent change in inventory based on 3 month change (in %)
3 Roll yields calculated as percent change between front month futures price and next month futures price on Jun 11, 2021.

Percent difference between the front month futures price and its 200 day moving average on Jun 11, 2021.

Historical performance is not an indication of future performance and any investments may go down in value

Summary Tables



Finding Common										Exchang				
Min	PRICES ¹	Current	Unit	1 Month	3 Month	6 Month	1 Year	Roll Yields ²	Unit	_	11-Jun	1 Week	1 Month	3 Mont
Seminary 1.00 1.0														
Montrol Cost 3.0 SSD/MARN 11.5 23.5 27.5 81.55 Notrol Cost SSD/MARN NTMEX 0.05 0.25														0.0%
Canadhe														0.9%
														-1.3%
Carbon S2														0.5% 0.1%
Michael Mic								-	-					0.1%
Wheel		32.0	LONGIVII	0.070	20.770	7 2.070	100.070		LOR/IVII	ICE	0.070	0.070	0.070	0.070
Solution 1.5		6.8	USd/bu.	-10.4%	7.0%	11.9%	36.4%	-	USd/bu.	СВОТ	-0.7%	-0.7%	2.4%	-1.0%
Signar Q.18 USA/16. Q.75 Q														3.1%
Cofficie 1.57	ioybeans	15.1	USd/bu.	-7.9%	6.6%	30.0%	74.2%	Soybeans	USd/bu.	CBOT	1.8%	3.0%	1.4%	0.1%
Coffee	iugar	0.18	USd/lb.	-3.1%	7.2%	21.6%	46.9%	Sugar	USd/lb.	NYBOT	-0.7%	-0.3%	0.1%	3.0%
Soybean Ol Q.F. U.S. U	Cotton	0.87	USd/lb.	-0.9%	-1.5%	17.4%	45.0%	Cotton	USd/lb.	NYBOT	-2.6%	-0.2%	1.5%	-1.0%
Cocco	Coffee	1.57	USd/lb.	6.5%	19.5%	32.2%	64.0%	Coffee	USd/lb.	NYBOT	-1.3%	-1.2%	-1.5%	-0.4%
Martin M	ioybean Oil	0.67	USd/lb.	-0.1%	18.6%	69.2%	143.6%	Soybean Oil	USd/lb.	CBOT	2.0%	5.0%	3.5%	3.4%
Amminum	Cocoa	2,350	USD/MT	-3.1%	-14.6%	-14.5%	-0.5%	Cocoa	USD/MT	NYBOT	-2.2%	-1.8%	-1.7%	6.2%
Copper														
Copper Live Py76	Numinum	2,465	USD/MT	-1.4%	14.7%	22.8%	56.3%	Aluminum	USD/MT	LME	0.5%	0.2%	-0.3%	-0.5%
Second 18,20	Copper		USd/lb.	-5.0%		28.9%		Copper	USd/lb.	COMEX	0.1%		0.2%	0.0%
Nickel 18,205 USD/MT 1,7% 12,4% 5,7% 44,6% Nickel USD/MT UME 0,0% 0,1% 0,1% 16 16 16 16 17 17 18 14,3% 6,5% 6,91% 9,31% 16 16 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	Copper (LME)	9,976	USD/MT	-4.6%	10.0%	28.6%	73.7%	Copper (LME)	USD/MT	LME	-0.1%	-0.1%	-0.1%	0.1%
Lead	linc	3,028	USD/MT	1.1%	8.2%	9.6%	51.6%	Zinc	USD/MT	LME	-0.1%	-0.3%	-0.2%	-0.5%
The Pecicion Medical Pecicion The Pecicion Medical The Pecicio	Nickel							Nickel					-0.1%	-0.1%
Proclets Net Proc													-0.4%	-0.6%
Gold		32,895	USD/MT	-1.3%	8.5%	69.1%	93.1%			LME	1.0%	2.0%	5.9%	10.0%
Silver 1,15 Silver 1,1		1 077	11SD /t oz	2.207	0.097	2.007	0 407			COMEX	0.197	0.197	0.097	0.0%
Polindim														0.0%
Paladium														-0.1%
Live Stock Live Cartile Li7 Usd/lb. 0.1% 0.1% 9.1% 22.6% Live Cartile Usd/lb. CME -1.1% -1.1% 2.2% 2.26% Live Cartile Usd/lb. CME -1.1% -1.1% 2.2% 0.3% 6.2% 1.2% 1.2% 1.2% 1.2% 1.2% 1.2% 1.2% 0.3% 0.3% 1.2%														-3.4%
Live Cattle		2,,,,0	000/1 02:	0.070	10.070	17.070	17 1070		002/1 02:	TTTT	0.170	0.170	0.170	0.170
Lean Hogs 1,23		1.19	USd/lb.	0.1%	0.1%	9.1%	22.6%		USd/lb.	CMF	-1.1%	-1.1%	-2.8%	-1.0%
Transport Tran														-2.2%
Current Str Average 1 Month 6 Month 1 Year Energy	=							_						-4.3%
No No No No No No No No														
Miloli	C NET POSITIONI	NG ³	Current		1 Month	6 Month	1 Year	INVENTOR'	Y LEVELS⁴	Current		1 Month	3 Month	6 Mont
Brent Oli** 39,242 165,494 43,550 -138,792 -57,086 Oli - OECD Europe** 347 -2% -3.2% -3.9% Natural Gas -101,286 -67,767 -64,324 9.956 -40,051 Natural Gas - DOE 24,102 3.6% 19% 34% 34% Gasoline - DOE 24,102 3.6% 2% 4% 15% 10% 1	ergy							Energy						
Natural Gas	VTI Oil		554,849	505,129	541,591	541,138	572,292	Oil - US		474,029	7.4%	-2%	-5%	-5%
Gasoline S4,375 73,476 56,809 64,316 48,046 Gasoline - DOE 241,026 3.6% 2% 4% 160 100	Brent Oil**		39,242	165,494	43,550	-138,921	-57,086	Oil - OECD Euro	ppe**	347	-2%	-3.2%	-3.9%	-6%
Heating Oil 21,228 16,302 5,920 22,255 3,517 Heating Oil - DOE 9,682 4% 15% 10%	Natural Gas		-101,286	-67,767	-64,324	9,956	-40,051	Natural Gas - D	OCE	2,411	6.5%	19%	34%	-35%
Industrial Metals	Gasoline		54,375	73,476	56,809	64,316	48,046	Gasoline - DOE		241,026	3.6%	2%	4%	1%
Wheat 16,435 -19,001 28,163 12,437 -13,198 Aluminum 1,957,285 3% -8% 0% Com 389,767 78,034 453,451 412,312 -257,102 Aluminum - LME 1,663,150 16% -7% 3% Soybeans 166,937 63,764 205,055 230,626 45,359 Aluminum - LME 1,663,150 16% -7% 3% Sugar 280,707 69,495 301,721 264,524 68,881 Copper 369,850 -28% -6% 14% Cofflee 61,689 -6,207 57,344 33,606 -6,499 Copper - LME 180,967 2% -13% 11% Soybean Oil 84,541 43,685 84,414 110,176 9,080 Copper - COMEX 56,433 -48% -13% -19% Soybean Oil 84,541 43,685 84,414 110,176 9,080 Copper - COMEX 56,433 -48% -13% -17% -7% Subfioli	leating Oil		21,228	16,302	5,920	22,255	3,517	Heating Oil - Do	OE	9,682	4%	15%	10%	32%
Com 389,767 78,034 453,451 412,312 -257,102 Aluminum - LME 1,663,150 16% -7% 3% Soybeans 166,937 63,764 205,055 230,626 45,359 Aluminium - SHFE 294,135 -36% -13% -16% Sugar 280,707 69,495 301,721 264,524 68,881 Copper 369,850 -28% -6% 14% Coffee 61,689 -6,207 75,344 33,666 -6,949 Copper - SHFE 180,967 23% -13% 11% Soybean Oil 84,541 43,685 84,414 110,176 9,080 Copper - COMEX 56,433 -48% -13% -19% Cocoa 18,032 14,958 17,711 38,834 7,418 Nickel - LME 240,732 -11% -7% -7% Cocoa 18,034 15,986 45,688 56,883 41,733 Zinc - LME 246,732 -31% -7% 0% Copper (COMEX) 16,	culture							Industrial Meta	ls					
Soybeans 166,937 63,764 205,055 230,626 45,359 Aluminium - SHFE 294,135 -36% -13% -16% Sugar 280,707 69,495 301,721 264,524 68,881 Copper 369,850 -28% -6% 14% Cofflon 62,182 58,397 76,970 72,810 17,715 Copper - LME 132,450 -41% 11% 46% Cofflee 61,689 -6,207 57,344 33,606 -6,949 Copper - SHFE 180,667 2% -13% 11% 56 45,351 43,685 84,414 110,176 9,080 Copper - COMEX 56,433 -48% -13% -11% 57% 200 11,0176 9,080 Copper - COMEX 56,433 -48% -13% -11% -7% 7% 11% 50,081 41,741 11,0176 9,080 Copper - LME 180,0473 -11% -7% 7% -2 -7% 23 11% -15% 50,081 41,481 10	Vheat		16,435	-19,001	28,163	12,437	-13,198	Aluminum		1,957,285	3%	-8%	0%	27%
Sugar 280,707 69,495 301,721 264,524 68,881 Copper 369,850 -28% -6% 14% Cotton 62,182 58,397 76,970 72,810 17,715 Copper - LME 132,450 -41% 11% 46% Coffee 61,689 -6,207 57,344 33,606 -6,949 Copper - SHFE 180,967 2% -13% 11% Soybean Oil 84,541 43,685 84,414 110,176 9,080 Copper - COMEX 56,433 -48% -13% -19% Cocoa 18,032 14,958 17,711 38,834 7,418 Nickel - LME 240,732 -11% -7% -7% Copper (COMEX) 16,054 15,986 46,661 80,564 10,518 Zinc - LME 267,750 23% -7% 0% Copper (LME) 41,311 41,911 55,808 56,083 41,733 Lead LME 89,775 23% -4% 30% Vicinc 75	Corn		389,767	78,034	453,451	412,312	-257,102	Aluminum - LM	E	1,663,150	16%	-7%	3%	25%
Cotton 62.182 58.397 76.970 72.810 17.715 Copper -LME 132.450 -41% 11% 46% Coffee 61.689 -6.207 57.344 33.606 -6.949 Copper -SHFE 180.967 2% -13% 11% Soybean Oil 84.541 43.685 84.414 110.176 9.080 Copper -COMEX 56.433 -48% -13% -19% Cocoa 18.032 14,958 17.711 38.834 7,418 Nickel - LME 240,732 -11% -7%	ioybeans		166,937	63,764	205,055	230,626	45,359	Aluminium - SH	FE	294,135	-36%	-13%	-16%	37%
Coffee 61,689 -6,207 57,344 33,606 -6,949 Copper - SHFE 180,967 2% -13% 11% Soybean Oil 84,541 43,685 84,414 110,176 9,080 Copper - COMEX 56,433 -48% -13% -19% Cocoo 18,032 14,958 17,711 38,834 7,418 Nickel - LME 240,732 -11% -7% -7% -7% -7% -7% -10%	iugar		280,707	69,495	301,721	264,524	68,881	Copper		369,850	-28%	-6%	14%	20%
Soybean Oil 84,541 43,685 84,414 110,176 9,080 Copper - COMEX 56,433 -48% -13% -19% Cocoa 18,032 14,958 17,711 38,834 7,418 Nickel - LME 240,732 -11% -7%	Cotton		62,182	58,397	76,970	72,810	17,715	Copper - LME		132,450	-41%	11%	46%	-9%
Cocoa 18,032 14,958 17,711 38,834 7,418 Nickel - LME 240,732 -11% -7% -7% 1555 15	Coffee		61,689	-6,207	57,344	33,606	-6,949	Copper - SHFE		180,967	2%	-13%	11%	120%
Strict S	ioybean Oil		84,541	43,685	84,414	110,176	9,080	Copper - COM	iEΧ	56,433	-48%	-13%	-19%	-29%
Copper (COMEX) 16,054 15,986 46,661 80,564 10,518 Zinc - LME 267,750 23% -7% 0% Copper (LME) 41,311 41,911 55,808 56,083 41,733 Zinc - SHFE 56,582 -41% -42% -52% Aluminum 139,710 166,210 160,999 166,900 199,337 Lead 208,660 33% 24% 30% Nickel 27,657 23,916 31,145 32,171 28,133 Lead - LME 89,775 -27% -14% -22% Zinc 75,716 50,358 74,985 72,280 45,704 Lead - SHFE 118,885 250% 88% 166% Lead 54,907 53,088 56,485 57,853 55,121 Tin 6,483 -29% -32% -38% Tin 6,697 8,284 7,308 8,465 10,580 Tin - LME 1,920 -46% 49% 14% Silver 50,794 41,491	Cocoa		18,032	14,958	17,711	38,834	7,418	Nickel - LME		240,732	-11%	-7%	-7%	-1%
Copper (LME) 41,311 41,911 55,808 56,083 41,733 Zinc - SHFE 56,582 -41% -42% -52% Aluminum 139,710 166,210 160,999 166,900 199,337 Lead 208,660 33% 24% 30% Nickel 27,657 23,916 31,145 32,171 28,133 Lead - LME 89,775 -27% -14% -22% Zinc 75,716 50,388 74,985 72,280 45,704 Lead - SHFE 118,885 250% 883 166% Lead 54,907 53,088 56,465 57,853 55,121 Tin 6,483 -29% -38% 166% Tin 6,697 8,284 7,308 8,465 10,580 Tin - LME 1,920 -46% 49% 14% Silver 50,794 41,491 53,837 49,635 32,790 Wheat - USDA 294,960 49,0% -0.2% -2.1% Polladium 2,449 10,844	ustrial Metals ⁵							Zinc		324,332	3%	-16%	-16%	24%
Aluminum 139,710 166,210 160,999 166,900 199,337 Lead 208,660 33% 24% 30% Nickel 27,657 23,916 31,145 32,171 28,133 Lead - LME 89,775 -27% -14% -22% Zinc 75,716 50,358 74,985 72,280 45,704 Lead - SHFE 118,885 250% 88% 166% Lead - SHFE 118,885 250% 88% 166% 160% 160% 160% 160% 160% 160% 160							10,518				23%			25%
Nickel 27,657 23,916 31,145 32,171 28,133 Lead - LME 89,775 -27% -14% -22% Zinc 75,716 50,358 74,985 72,280 45,704 Lead - SHFE 118,885 250% 88% 166% Lead - SHFE 118,885 250% 88% 166% Lead - SHFE 118,885 250% 88% 166% SHFE 118,885 250% SH	Copper (LME)		41,311	41,911	55,808	56,083	41,733	Zinc - SHFE		56,582	-41%	-42%	-52%	21%
Zinc 75,716 50,358 74,985 72,280 45,704 Lead - SHFE 118,885 250% 88% 166% Lead 54,907 53,088 56,465 57,853 55,121 Tin 6,483 -29% -32% -38% Tin - LME 1,920 -46% 49% 14% 14% 15% 25% 25% 25% 25% 25% 25% 25% 25% 25% 25% 25% 25%	Numinum		139,710		160,999	166,900	199,337				33%	24%	30%	35%
Lead 54,907 53,088 56,465 57,853 55,121 Tin 6,483 -29% -32% -38%														-18%
Tin 6,697 8,284 7,308 8,465 10,580 Tin - LME 1,920 -46% 49% 14% colors Metals Tin - SHFE 4,563 -18% -45% -48% Gold 232,099 196,050 203,931 254,277 225,353 Agriculture 24,100 49,0% -0,2% -2,1% Pollarium 21,402 24,132 28,409 25,307 18,372 Corn - USDA 292,300 100% 3,0% 1,6% 4,7% 8,8% estock Soybeans - USDA 91,100 45% 4,9% 4,1% 6,1% Live Cattle 76,591 86,090 80,559 64,135 37,792 Cotton - USDA 90,990 28% -2.6% -3.8%														167%
Tin - SHFE 4,563 -18% -45% -48%														-22%
Gold 232,099 196,050 203,931 254,277 225,353 Agriculture Silver 50,794 41,491 53,837 49,635 32,790 Wheat - USDA 294,960 49.0% -0.2% -2.1% Pelladium 21,402 24,132 28,409 25,307 18,372 Corn - USDA 292,300 100% 3.0% 1.6% Palladium 2,449 10,844 2,795 2,625 679 Soybeans - USDA 91,100 45% 4,9% 8.8% estock 50 50 50 64,135 37,792 Cotton - USDA 90,990 28% -2.6% -3.8%			6,697	8,284	7,308	8,465	10,580							-44%
Silver 50,794 41,491 53,837 49,635 32,790 Wheat - USDA 294,960 49,0% -0.2% -2.1% Platinum 21,402 24,132 28,409 25,307 18,372 Corn - USDA 292,300 100% 3,0% 1,6% Palladium 2,449 10,844 2,795 2,625 679 Soybeans - USDA 91,100 45% 4,9% 8.8% estock Sugar - USDA 43,976 22% -4.1% -4.1% Live Cattle 76,591 86,090 80,559 64,135 37,792 Cotton - USDA 90,990 28% -2.6% -3.8%			232,000	104.050	203 021	254 277	225 252			4,563	-18%	-45%	-48%	-6%
Platinum 21,402 24,132 28,409 25,307 18,372 Corn - USDA 292,300 10% 3,0% 1,6% Palladium 2,449 10,844 2,795 2,625 679 Soybeans - USDA 91,100 45% 4,9% 8,8% estock Use Cattle 76,591 86,090 80,559 64,135 37,792 Cotton - USDA 90,990 28% -2.6% -3.8%										204.040	40 nm	U 207	_2 107	-3.0%
Palladium 2,449 10,844 2,795 2,625 679 Soybeans - USDA 91,100 45% 4,9% 8,8% estock Use Cattle 76,591 86,090 80,559 64,135 37,792 Cotton - USDA 90,990 28% -2.6% -3.8%														
estock Sugar - USDA 43,976 22% -4.1% -4.1% Live Cattle 76,591 86,090 80,559 64,135 37,792 Cotton - USDA 90,990 28% -2.6% -3.8%)Δ					2.0% 9%
Live Cattle 76,591 86,090 80,559 64,135 37,792 Cotton - USDA 90,990 28% -2.6% -3.8%			2,447	10,044	2,/93	2,020	0/7	1	/A					-4%
			76 591	86 090	80 559	64 135	37 792							-5.0%
Lean Hogs 98,817 45,988 83,399 48,524 21,695 Coffee - USDA 41,335 15%														-3.0/6
Feeder Cattle 4,837 6,175 3,178 3,654 2,412 Soybean Oil - USDA 4,090 -1% -9.3% -10%	-								AUSI					-11%

Performance of front month futures from 11 Jun 20 (1 Year), 11 Dec 20 (6 Month), 11 Mar 21 (3 Month) and 11 May 21 (1 Month) to 11 Jun 21.

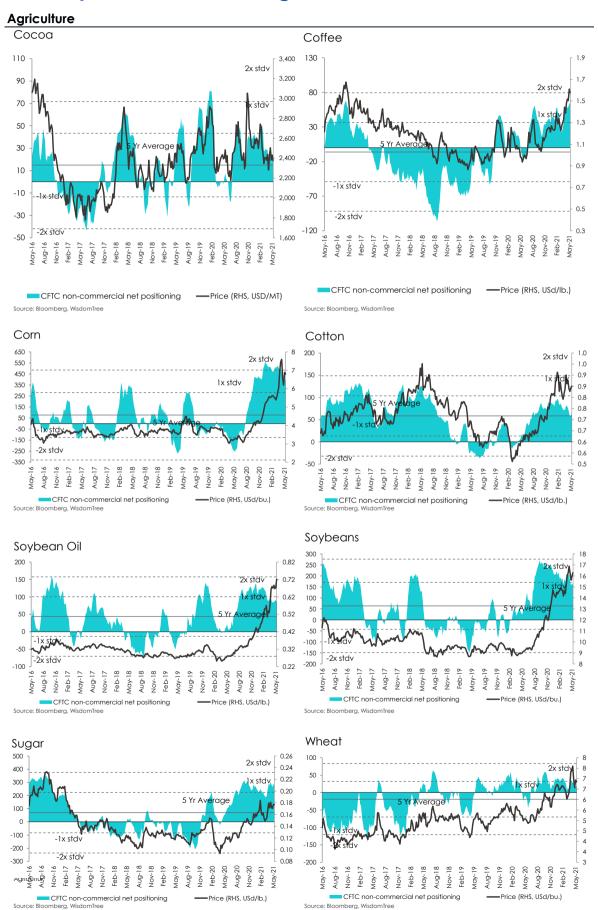
2Roll return non-annualised from front month futures into second "month on 11 Mar 21 (3 Month), 11 May 21 (1 Month), 04 Jun 21 (1 Week), 11 Jun 21.

³Net positions in number of contracts. ⁴Current inventories relative to 1, 3, 6 months ago. Under the column "5 yr average" is the current inventory level relative to 5 year average inventory. For energy, 5 yr average is the average of the same month as report month over the past 5 years. SHFE started reporting inventory data from April 2015. 5All Industrial metals positioning data (excluding copper) is sourced from LME COTR data in Bloomberg from 30 January 2018 (first available date) under post-MIFID rules. **Brent 5 Yr average of net positions from January 2011 as positions were not reported by CFTC before then and inventory data (DCCD) reported by with 4 month lag with current = Feb 2021.

Historical performance is not an indication of future performance and any investments may go down in value.



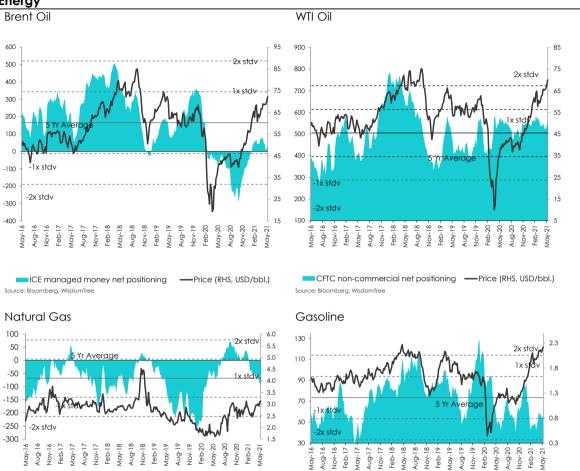
CFTC Speculative Net Long Futures Positions





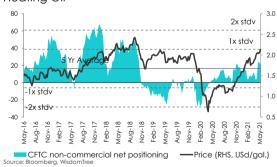
Price (RHS, USd/gal.)





CFTC non-commercial net positioning

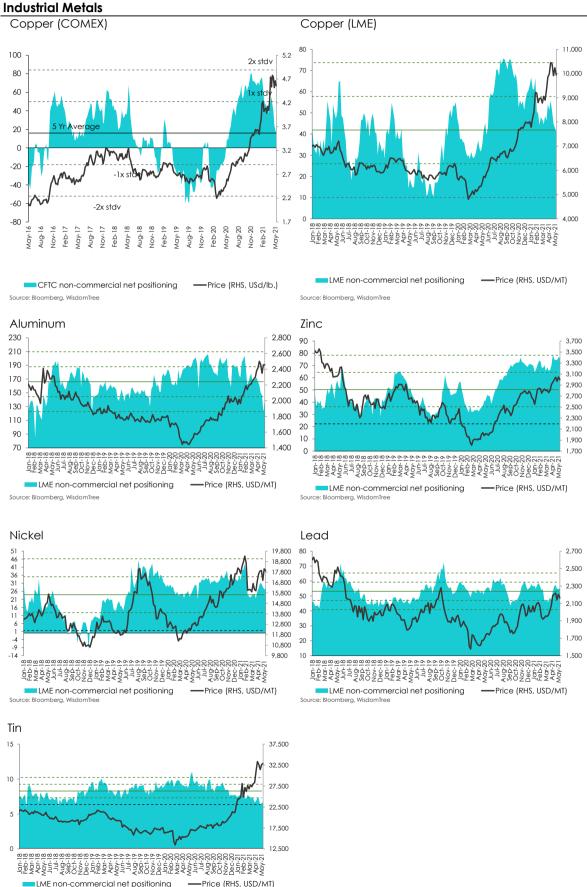
Heating Oil



CFTC non-commercial net positioning — Price (RHS, USD/MMBtu)

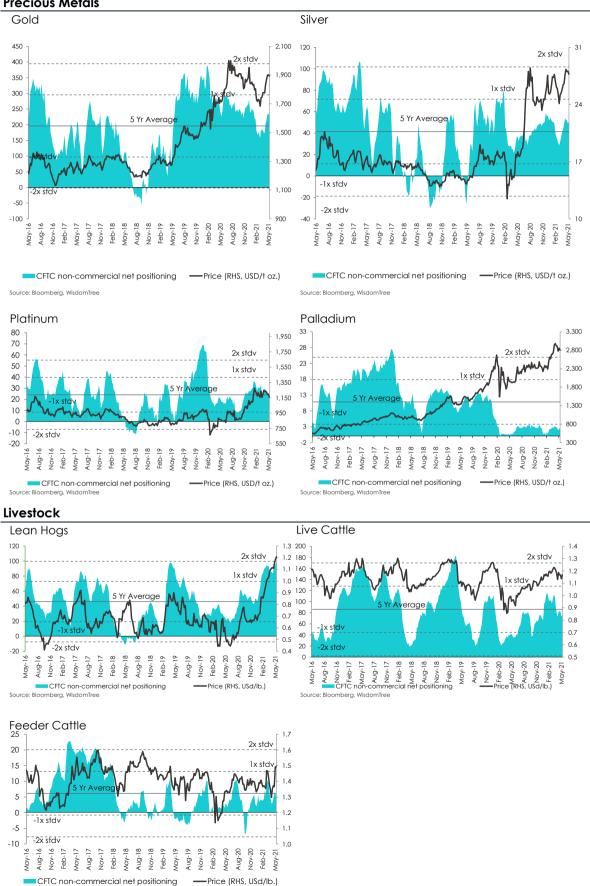


Source: Bloomberg, WisdomTree





Precious Metals



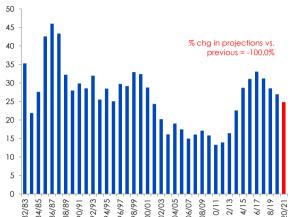


Inventories

Agriculture

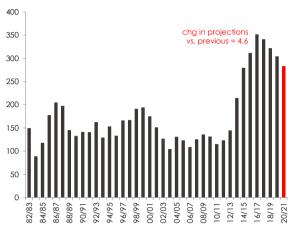
Corn - Stock to Use

Annual data in %, from 1980 to 2020

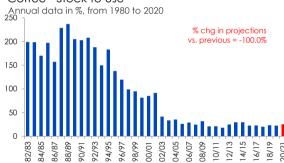


Corn - Ending Stocks

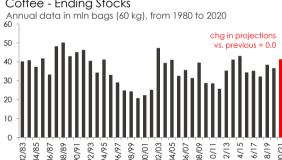
Annual data in mln tons, from 1980 to 2020



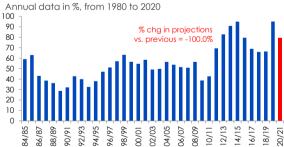
Coffee - Stock to Use



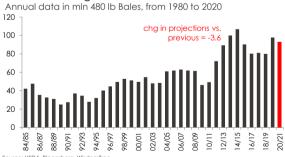
Coffee - Ending Stocks



Cotton - Stock to Use



Cotton - Ending Stocks

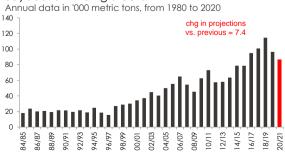


Soybeans - Stock to Use



Source: USDA, Bloomberg, WisdomTree

Soybeans - Ending Stocks

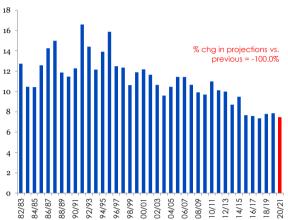


Source: USDA, Bloombera, WisdomTree



Soybean Oil - Stock to Use

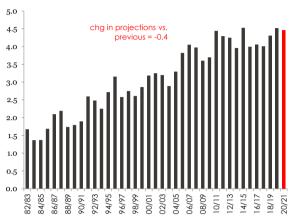
Annual data in %, from 1980 to 2020



Source: USDA, Bloomberg, WisdomTree

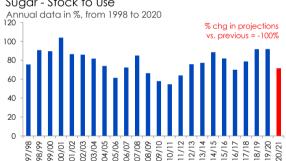
Soybean Oil - Ending Stocks

Annual data in mln Metric Tons, from 1980 to 2020



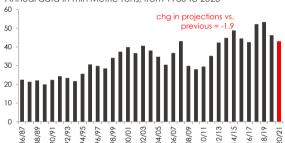
Source: USDA, Bloomberg, WisdomTree

Sugar - Stock to Use

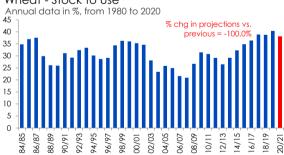


Sugar - Ending Stocks

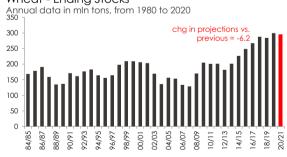
Annual data in mln Metric Tons, from 1980 to 2020



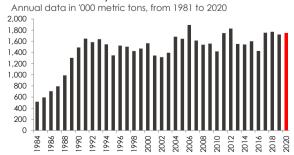
Wheat - Stock to Use



Wheat - Ending Stocks



Cocoa - Inventory

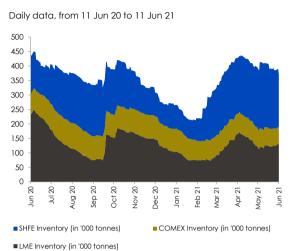




Industrial Metals

Aluminum Inventory Daily data, from 11 Jun 20 to 11 Jun 21 2,500 2,000 1,500 1,000 500 0 Jun 20 -Jan 21 Feb 21 8 ■ SHFE Inventory (in '000 tonnes) ■LME Inventory (in '000 tonnes)

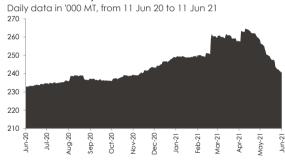
Copper Inventory

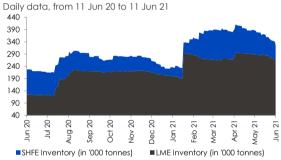


Zinc Inventory

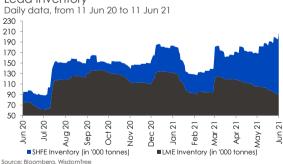
Source: Bloomberg, WisdomTree

Nickel Inventory

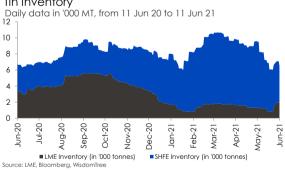




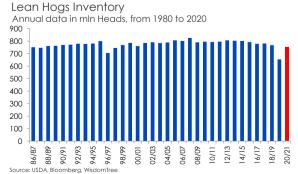
Lead Inventory



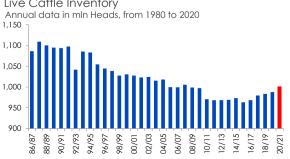
Tin Inventory



Livestock



Live Cattle Inventory



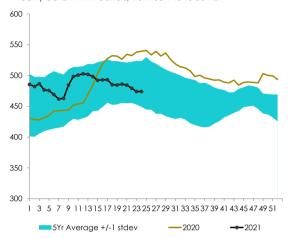
Source: USDA, Bloombera, WisdomTree



Energy

US Oil Inventory

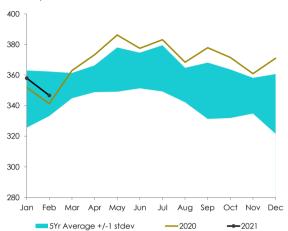
Weekly data in mln barrels, from Jun 16 to Jun 21



Source: DOE, Bloomberg, WisdomTree

OECD Europe Oil Industry Inventory

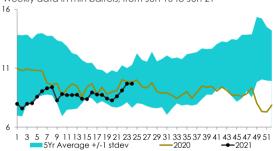
Monthly data in mln barrels, from Feb 16 to Feb 21



Source: IEA, Bloomberg, WisdomTre

Heating Oil Inventory

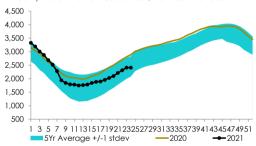
Weekly data in mln barrels, from Jun 16 to Jun 21



Source: DOE, Bloomberg, WisdomTree

Natural Gas Inventory

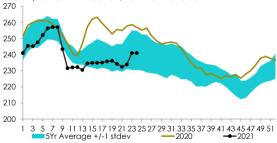
Weekly data in billion cubic feet, from Jun 16 to Jun 21



Source: DOE, Bloomberg, WisdomTree

Gasoline Inventory

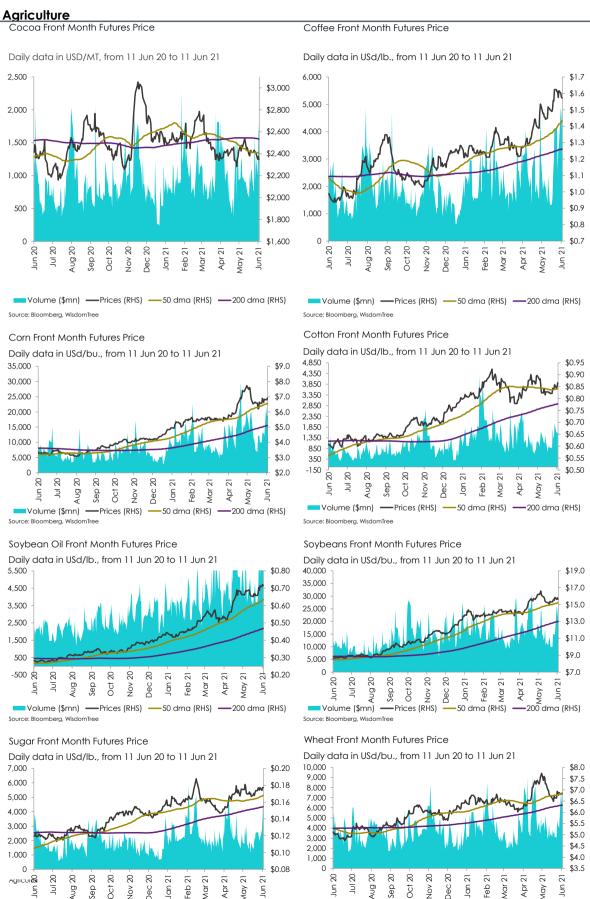
Weekly data in mln barrels, from Jun 16 to Jun 21 270



Source: DOE, Bloomberg, WisdomTree



Commodities Front Month Futures and Trading Volumes



50 dma (RHS)

Z

200 dma (RHS)

Jan Feb Μar Apr

ş

Prices (RHS)

Sep

Volume (\$mn) Source: Bloomberg, WisdomTree Mar

50 dma (RHS)

Λαy

-200 dma (RHS)

ş Dec g

oct

-Prices (RHS)

Volume (\$mn)

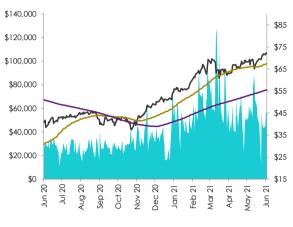




Brent Oil Front Month Futures Price

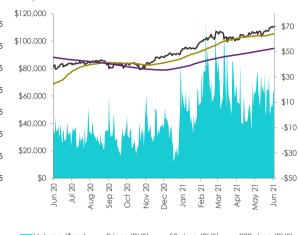
WTI Oil Front Month Futures Price





■ Volume (\$mn) — Prices (RHS) — 50 dma (RHS) — 200 dma (RHS) Source: Bloomberg, WisdomTree



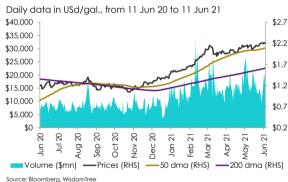


■Volume (\$mn) — Prices (RHS) — 50 dma (RHS) — 200 dma (RHS) Source: Bloomberg, WisdomTree

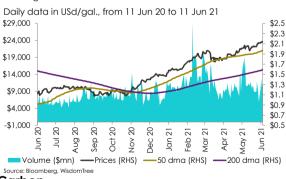
Natural Gas Front Month Futures Price



Gasoline Front Month Futures Price

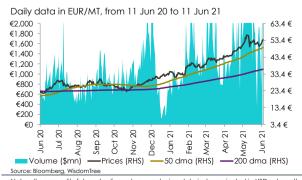


Heating Oil Front Month Futures Price



<u>Carbon</u>

Carbon Front Month Futures Price





\$2,300

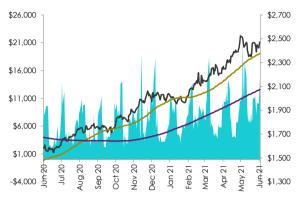
\$1,500

5

Industrial Metals



Daily data in USD/MT, from 11 Jun 20 to 11 Jun 21





Volume (\$mn) — Prices (RHS) — 50 dma (RHS) — 200 dma (RHS) Source: Bloomberg, WisdomTree

Volume (\$mn) — Prices (RHS) — 50 dma (RHS) — 200 dma (RHS) Source: Bloomberg, WisdomTree

Dec

Feb 21

Mar Apr May

Copper (COMEX) Front Month Futures Price





Sep

۸ug

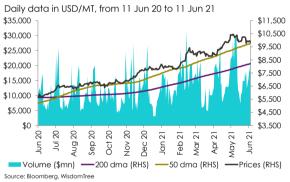
Lead Front Month Futures Price

\$4.500

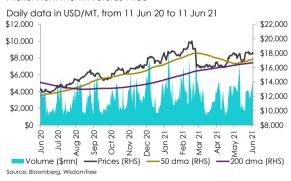
\$0

8

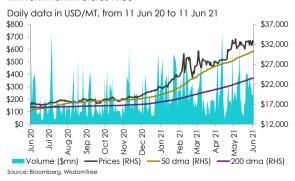
Daily data in USD/MT, from 11 Jun 20 to 11 Jun 21



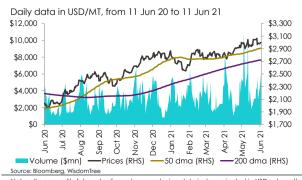
Nickel Front Month Futures Price



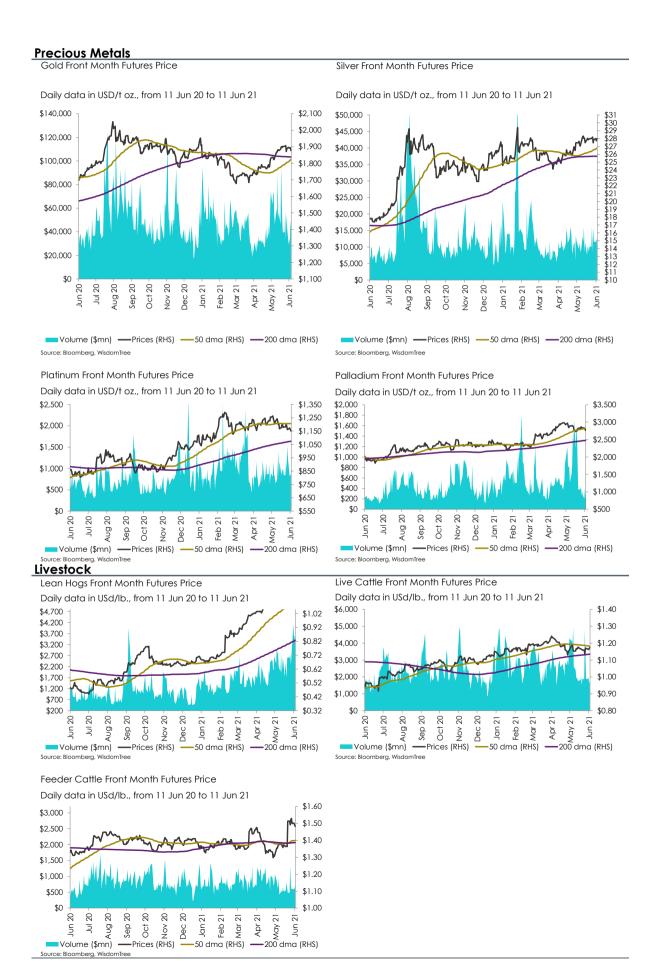
Tin Front Month Futures Price



Zinc Front Month Futures Price

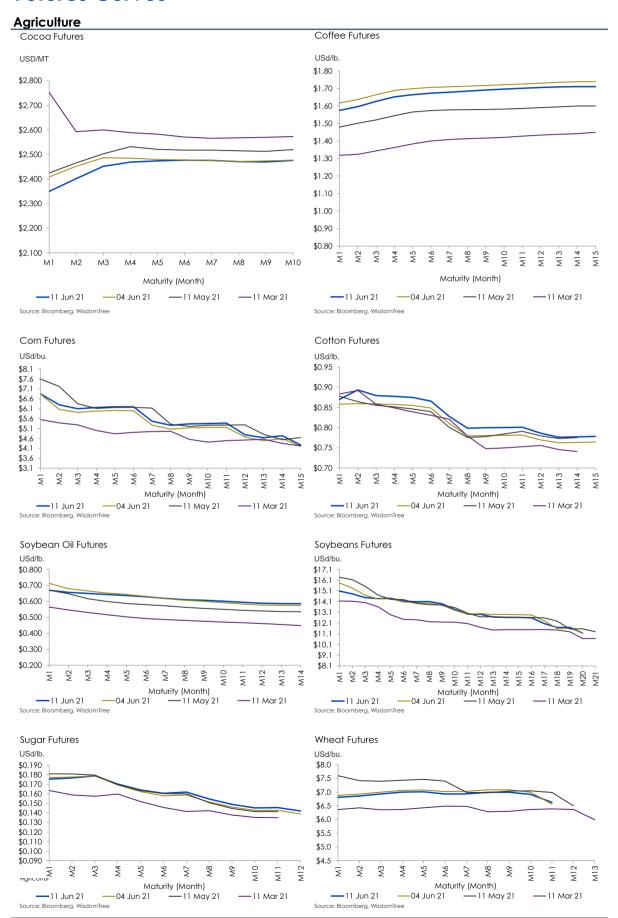




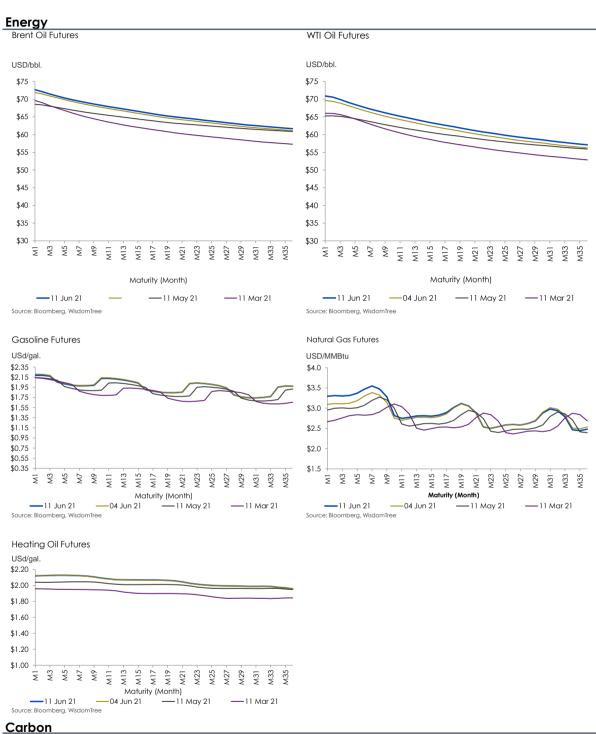


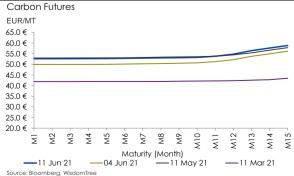


Futures Curves

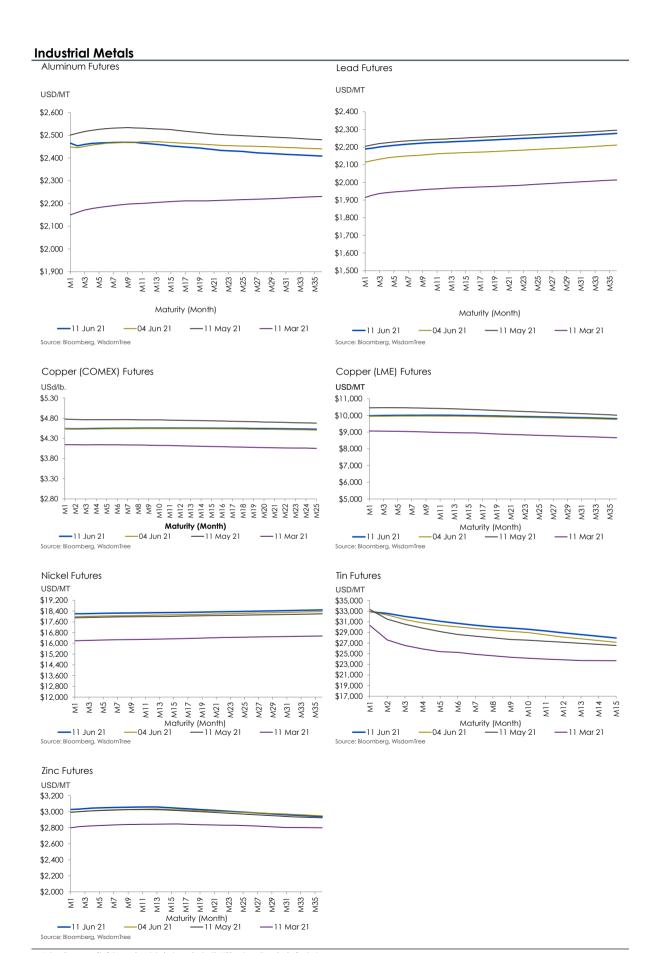




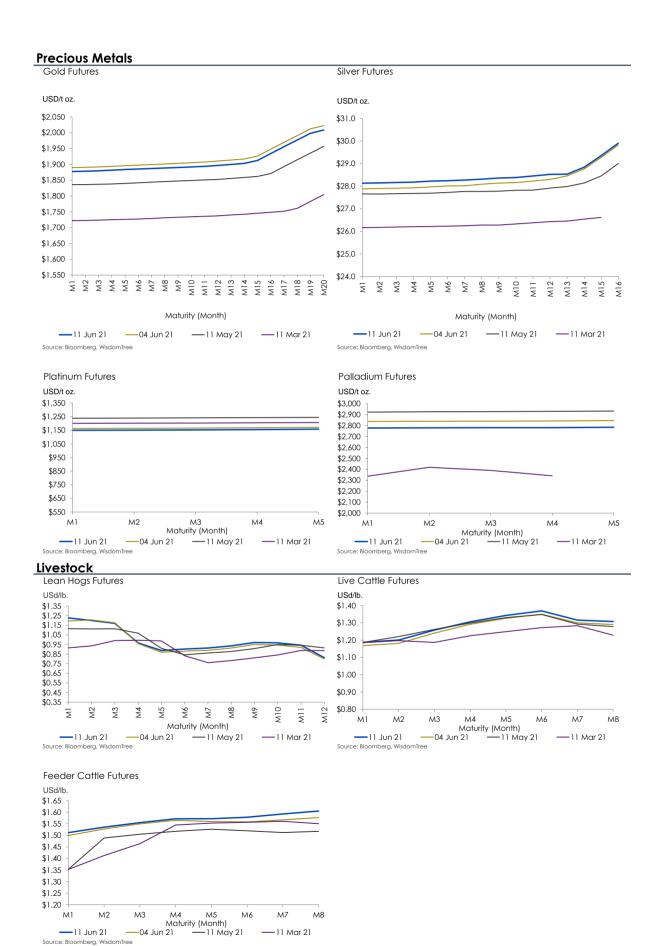














Commodity Monthly Matrix Explained

Score based on unweighted sum of four fundamental/technical measures detailed below with each measure awarded a possible score of -1, 0, or 1 depending on whether variable is viewed as fundamentally negative, neutral or positive. Score ranging from -4 to +4. For commodities where data is not available or not relevant, scores are calculated on remaining variables and adjusted to the -4 to +4 scale. The score matrix is designed to highlight significant changes in key variables but should not be viewed as predictor of performance.

The four fundamental/technical measures are as follow:

- price vs. 200 days moving average: 1 when price is above 200dma and return is positive, -1 when price is below 200dma and return is negative, 0 otherwise
- % change in net positioning over the past month: 1 when % change is positive, -1 when % change is negative, 0 when no change
- % change in inventory level over the past 3 months: 1 when % is negative, -1 when % is positive, 0 when no change
- roll yield between the front and second month futures contracts: 1 when in backwardation, -1 when in contango, 0 when no change

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Apr- May 2021	Research Team	Inflation Underpins Commodity Strength
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Mar - Apr 2021 Research Team Macro conditions remain supportive despite China sprinkling seeds of doubt

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The research notes are for qualified investors only

Current	Next release		
10-Jun-21	12-Jul-21	USDA	World Agricultural Supply and Demand Estimates
08-Jun-21	07-Jul-21	EIA	Short-Term Energy Outlook
10-Jun-21	10-Jul-21	OPEC	OPEC Oil Market Report
11-Jun-21	13-Jul-21	IEA	IEA Oil Market Report

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