Commodity Monthly Monitor

Commodities — a phoenix rising from the ashes

13 Nov 2018 - 13 Feb 2019



Summary

Following the reopening of the United States (US) Government after its shutdown, this report covers a period of three months. A lot has happened in that time frame. The market has been operating without data from both the US Department of Agriculture and speculative positioning data from the Commodity Futures Trading Commission (CFTC), for example, for over a month. Commodity markets have been volatile: After sharp declines in December 2018, there was a sharp rally in January 2019. February appears far more range-bound, but there is plenty of potential for prices to break-out if commodities can trade on their own fundamentals rather than be weighed by the constant uncertainty about trade protectionism and other geopolitical risks.

Gold seems to be a standout winner in this environment of uncertainty as investors have rediscovered its hedge potential amid market volatility in cyclical assets in December 2018. We view tightening supply in industrial metals and oil to be very constructive for commodity market performance.

Slowing economic growth in industrialised countries however cast a shadow. Global manufacturing purchasing manager indices have fallen to their lowest levels since August 2016. Italy is in recession; Germany has only narrowly escaped recession; Industrial production growth in the Euro area has been negative for two consecutive months; China has posted the lowest economic growth in 28 years. Given this background, we expect economic stimulus (or at least the absence of tightening policy in the Euro area). Federal Reserve (Fed) Fund Futures place little probability in the Fed raising rates this year and—judging by recent Fed communiqué—the market may have forced the Fed's hand. The People's Bank of China has been lowering its Reserve Requirement and injecting liquidity into the banking system. Historically, China has stimulated its economy by sanctioning large infrastructure projects, and this infrastructure spending tends to be commodity-intensive and is likely to drive commodity prices higher.

In the short-term, we expect commodity prices to gain momentum. However, should any adverse geopolitical scenario take shape- such as another US government shutdown or any potential Brexit fallout-investors should take comfort that their gold holdings may gain in value.

- Gold has made a comeback in 2019 and we expect the metal to recover all of the losses from 2018. As
 speculative positioning regains, we expect the metal to trade higher. A less hawkish Fed could drive
 prices to close to US\$1400/oz.
- Soybean prices benefit from the de-escalation of the trade war. Agricultural commodities staged a comeback with hopes pinned on the extension of the March 1 trade truce deadline. According to the latest World Agricultural Supply and Demand Estimate Report (WASDE), global grain and oilseed supplies continue to remain high and are expected to expand as trade uncertainty lingers.
- Industrial metals have been the most sensitive commodity to the tos and fros of US trade policy. As it
 looks increasingly likely that some sort of deal between the US and China will be reached, we expect
 industrial metals prices to break-out and re-align with fundamentals.
- Although the oil price rally has plateaued in recent weeks, we believe it has plenty of legs to keep
 going once the fog around trade-related demand concerns lifts. Supply is tightening as a result of
 Organization Of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) policy and US production growth faces
 infrastructure constraints.

Nitesh Shah

Director

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Commodity Monthly Matrix ¹								
	Current Price ²	Returns (-3 Mth)	Price vs 200 days MA	Inventories ³ (- 3 Mths)	Positioning ⁴ (- 3 Mth)	Roll Yield ⁵	13 Feb Score	23 Nov Score
WTI Oil	54	-3.2%	-14.5%	2.0%	-11%	-0.8%	(4)	(4)
Brent Oil	64	-2.8%	-10.5%	-4.0%	-61%	0.0%	0	(2)
Natural Gas	2.6	-37.2%	-19.0%	-42.0%	-7%	-1.8%	(2)	0
Gasoline	1.5	-5.0%	-19.9%	14.0%	5%	-11.3%	(2)	0
Heating Oil	1.9	-6.0%	-7.4%	13.5%	-133%	0.2%	(2)	(2)
Carbon	20.8	3.4%	7.4%	-	-	-0.2%	0	0
Wheat	5.2	2.9%	1.7%	0.3%	108%	-0.7%	0	(4)
Corn	3.8	3.3%	3.0%	0.7%	41%	-2.1%	0	(4)
Soybeans	9	5.7%	3.0%	-4.8%	82%	-1.5%	2	(3)
Sugar	0.1	1.1%	6.2%	-	-100%	1.4%	1	(3)
Cotton	0.7	-7.9%	-13.6%	4.0%	-90%	-2.2%	(4)	(2)
Coffee	1.0	-9.4%	-8.2%	12.9%	-69%	-3.3%	(4)	(1)
Soybean Oil	0.3	8.9%	4.1%	3.6%	145%	-1.2%	0	(4)
Cocoa	2,248	1.7%	-1.7%	-	681%	-1.7%	0	(1)
Aluminium	1,837	-4.6%	-9.7%	8.1%	-9%	-0.8%	(4)	0
Copper (COMEX)	2.8	3.2%	-1.0%	-50.9%	-996%	-0.2%	(1)	1
Copper (LME)	6,124	0.5%	-2.3%	-12.1%	9%	-0.1%	1	1
Zinc	2,596	1.9%	-2.7%	-12.0%	72%	-0.2%	1	0
Nickel	12,328	9.4%	-3.4%	-7.9%	756%	-0.2%	1	(2)
Lead	2,012	4.1%	-4.5%	-21.1%	1%	-0.1%	1	0
Tin	21,155	9.6%	7.3%	-13.4%	21%	0.0%	4	0
Gold	1,311	9.1%	5.2%	-	523%	-	4	(4)
Silver	16	12.0%	2.8%	-	383%	-	4	(4)
Platinum	792	-5.9%	-4.7%	-	-89%	-	(4)	2
Palladium	1,373	25.7%	27.9%	-	0%	-	0	2
Live Cattle	1.3	9.2%	10.9%	-	60%	-0.8%	- 1	(1)
Lean Hogs	0.6	-3.8%	-13.0%	-	-39%	-7.7%	(4)	0
Feeder Cattle	1.4	-3.7%	-3.5%	-	33%	-1.7%	(1)	0

Performance ²	- 3 Mth	- 6 Mth	- 12 Mth		
All Commodities	-2.2%	-2.9%	-5.7%		
Energy	-12.7%	-11.3%	1.8%		
Industrial Metals	2.5%	-2.8%	-13.2%		
Precious Metals	9.6%	8.5%	-2.8%		
Agriculture	0.5%	-1.6%	-11.2%		
MSCI World	2.4%	-2.3%	-0.5%		
US Aggregate Bond	3.2%	2.1%	3.0%		
Bloomberg TR Indexes for basket returns, data to Wednesday 13 February 2019.					

CFTC Net Speculative Positioning

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[&]quot;-" Information not available. Green = returns positive, inventories falling, positioning rising, roll yield positive. Red = the opposite. Black = neutral. Detailed explanation of the matrix calculations can be found at the end of this report. All prices are futures prices to February 13, 2019. Broad sector returns based on Bloomberg Commodity Index family. % change in inventory over the past 3 months except for sugar and coffee which are based on past 6 months as data is updated bi-annually by USDA. 4 CFIC futures and LME COTR net positioning as at January 15, 2019 and January 22, 2019 respectively, % change from previous 3 month. S Calculated as % difference between front month and second month futures prices on report date.

Historical performance is not an indication of future performance and any investments may go down in value.

Sector Overview

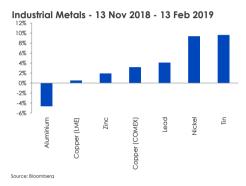


Agri<u>culture</u>

- A de-escalation of the trade war between US and China underpinned the strength of soybean prices over the period. The latest data on soybean processing in the US that marked a new record in January also lent buoyancy to soybean prices. So far data reported by the US Department of Agriculture (USDA) highlighted that Chinese soybean order cancellations exceeded new orders from the US in January. Nonetheless soybean prices are profiting on hopes of an extension of the March 1 trade truce deadline which would rely on China's imports from the US to resume. In the latest WASDE report the soybean inventory build will be smaller owing to a large reduction of the soybean crop estimate in Brazil and smaller downward revisions for the US and Argentina.
- USDA expects both the corn and wheat markets to remain in a global deficit. The global wheat balance in 2018/19 is expected to remain in a deficit of 12mn tons on the back of global use rising more than supplies. While world production for the 2018/19 market year was raised 1.3mn tons, led by Russia, the changes were partially offset by 1.1mn ton decrease for China. At the same time, global use for 2018/19 was raised 2mn tons owing to an increase in China feed and residual use. US winter wheat acreage for 2019/20 now stands at its lowest level in over 100 years at 31.3mn tons, much lower than consensus expectations. In the case of com, USDA lowered its US corn crop estimate by 5mn tons whereas it raised its Argentinian corn crop estimate by 3.5mn tons. The expected global corn deficit remains at 31mn tons. This would be supportive for both wheat and corn prices.

Industrial Metals

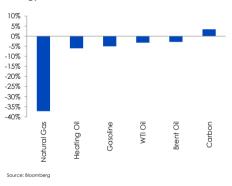
- For most of 2018, industrial metal prices fell as concerns about demand faltering beset the market amid fears of growing trade protectionism in the US. Metal prices have predominantly risen in 2019, as there have encouraging signs that protectionism is thawing. President Trump (US) and President Xi (China) agreed on a truce not to raise or introduce new tariffs until March 1st while negotiations take place. President Trump recently said he is willing to extend this truce to get a meaningful deal accomplished. That should be once concern removed from the market. Despite the fears of demand faltering, actual commodity imports into China looked surprisingly robust in January.
- Supply generally looks tight. Exchange inventory a proxy for all inventory is declining as we remain in
 a multi-year supply deficit in the case of many metals. Mine damage from recent rains in Chile have
 hampered copper output, while Vale's dam eruption in Brazil is likely to lead to a period of evaluation
 and self-reflection across the global mining space for flaws in environmental and safety protection. The
 closure of Vedanta's copper smelting operations in India last year is a case in point that lacklustre
 environmental standards will not be tolerated. We could see supply tighten as the industry strives to
 improve standards.
- As metal prices recover, we expect nickel and copper to be the standout winners. Supply is tight for both metals and a structural change in demand emanating from electric vehicle growth is likely to buffer against cyclical headwinds.



Energy

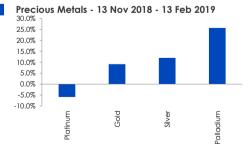
- Oil prices have staged a substantial recovery since they slumped at the end of 2018. The OPEC and its
 partner countries (together, OPEC+) have drained excess production, after agreeing to cut back on
 production by 1.2mn barrels. We believe the group will collectively cut by more than that amount, with
 Saudi Arabia already over-achieving relative to its individual quota and exempt countries (Libya,
 Venezuela and Iran) seeing their production levels plummet. In addition, planned cuts come from
 Alberta, Canada the province's first foray into supply management.
- While the US remains the main source of production growth globally, we believe that there will be limitations for growth until it builds out new infrastructure to export the oil. The US produces about as much light crudes as it needs for domestic purposes (and imports mainly heavy crudes). It has grown its export market from close to zero in 2013 to close to 3mn barrels per day in 2019. Without more export infrastructure it is hard to see this pace of production growth continue.
- The Brent futures curve is in backwardation throughout the entire curve, reflecting global tightness in supply. The WTI futures curve on the other hand is in contango out to 2020, reflecting higher supplies of US oil. The US\$10 spread between the front month Brent and WTI contract is explained by the divergent supply trends and the fact that export capacity from the US is hitting its limits. However, despite all the bullish signals Brent has been stuck at around the US\$62/bbl handle for the past 4 weeks. Markets appear to be concerned about demand faltering if a trade pact cannot be reached.

Energy - 13 Nov 2018 - 13 Feb 2019



Precious Metal

- Gold often seen as a haven asset has made a comeback in a period of geopolitical and financial
 volatility. After sentiment towards the metal had fallen to the lowest point since 2001 in October 2018,
 investor interest in the metal sharply rose in December 2018 and January 2019 amid volatility in cyclical
 markets such as stocks and oil. A government shut-down in the US and trade-war fears fuelled
 investors' desire to hedge against worst-case outcomes.
- In late January 2019, the US government reopened and a truce between the US and China led the market to expect constructive discussions on trade to take place. Cyclical markets rallied, stalling gold's comeback. At the time of writing, while it appears that Congress has approved a budget, US President Trump's insistence on using emergency funding for his wall could drive continued uncertainty in US political operations. Also, the absence of a meeting in Trump's diary between himself and President Xi (China), has led the market to revise some of its optimism on trade progress. A consistent source of uncertainty and despair is the UK's plans to exit the European Union. The UK government appears paralysed as the clock counting down to the day of scheduled exit approaches. In this environment we expect interest in gold to continue to grow. Investors hate to find themselves backfooted and gold provides a solution for defensive positioning.
- In our base case scenario**, we don't expect the most adverse scenarios such as a ratcheting up of trade wars, prolonged government shutdown or a no-deal Brexit to materialise – but we see the benefit to putting protective hedges into a portfolio.
- In that base case scenario**, we expect gold to end the year at US\$1370/oz from US\$1310/oz currently.
 And we believe the risks are to the upside if the Federal Reserve holds off raising interest rates, potentially driving prices close to US\$1400/oz.



Technical Overview (as of Feb 13, 2019)



Positionina

- Speculative positioning in cocoa futures have moved from being net short of 3219 contracts as of 13 November 2018 to net long of 21,560 contracts as of 13 February 2019 underpinning a marked improvement in sentiment towards the crop
- With the exception of COMEX copper, most metals have seen speculative positioning improve since November 2018. The market is generally more optimistic that the US and China can come to a trade deal, which will lift some of the concerns around demand for the metals.
- Positioning in Brent futures contracts has recovered strongly from a net short position in January to net long in February. Positioning is still far from the recent highs reached in October 2018 and indeed less than half of the 5-year average.
- We still await up-to-date data on positioning in WTI futures, but based on the last print from January 15th, it appears WTI saw the same decline in sentiment as Brent (which in turn is likely to have recovered in recent weeks if we had the data).
- Positioning in gold futures swung from net short in November 2018 to net long (and close to 5-year average) in January 2019. Financial jitters and geopolitical risks remined investors of gold's virtues and reversed the negative sentiment towards the metal. Positioning in silver has made a similar recovery and is now above its 5-year average.

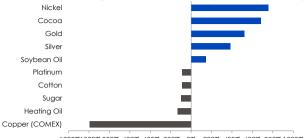
Inventories

- Favourable climatic conditions coupled with better production technology resulted in a record high Brazilian coffee crop in 2018 according to the Brazilian forecasting agency Conab resulting in an increase in coffee inventories.
- With the exception of London Metals Exchange (LME) aluminium, metal inventories are contracting at the futures exchanges. We believe that indicates a broader market trend of declining stocks as most metals are in a supply deficit and so abovearound inventory is drawn on.
- US oil inventories are 8.5% above where they were last year. Strong production growth and constraints on exports have led to oil stocks rising. According to the IEA OECD stocks are declining however, as OPEC policies help reduce supply
- Natural gas inventories are declining and remain below the 5-year average for this time of year (and indeed lower than last year). Declining inventory should assist natural gas prices recovery.

Curve Dynamics

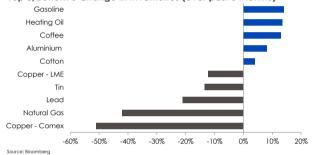
- All garicultural commodities, except for feeder cattle are in contango. Negative roll yields run as high as 3.3% for coffee and 2.8% for corn.
- With the exception zinc, all metals are in contango (even zinc is in mild contango at the very first month). However, aluminium is the only metal with a negative roll yield greater than 0.2%. Most industrial metal futures curves are very flat.
- Looking at the futures curves of Brent and WTI, you would think you are looking at vastly different commodities. The entire Brent futures curve has returned back to backwardation in sharp contrast to the curve being in contango last month. WTI on the other hand has contango going out to 2020. The Brent-WTI spread of US\$10 is maintained by a very different supply picture.

Top 5/Bottom 5 Change in CFTC Net Positions (over past 3 months)¹

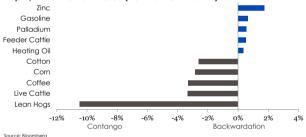


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Top 5/Bottom 5 Change in Inventories (over past 3 months)²



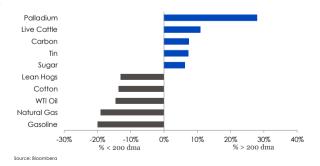
Top 5/Bottom 5 Roll Yields (front to next month)³



Technicals

- After a dismal performance in 2018 sugar prices are staging a recovery as supply on the global sugar market is expected to tighten this year following downward revisions from the Indian sugar mills association (ISMA).
- With the exception of aluminium, every metal has pierced above its 50 DMA and in January almost every metal rose above their 200 DMA. In February prices edged lower (so that most metals traded between their 200 and 50 DMA). The recent thawing of trade protectionism could see the rally resume
- Natural gas is trading 19% below its 200 DMA following a 37% decline in prices since November 2018. November 2018 prices were abnormally high due to a cold snap and the polar vortex in January/February failed to spike natural gas prices as high.
- Gold and silver are trading above both their respective 50 and 200 day moving average prices, highlighting the new lease of enthusiasm driving the precious metals.

Top 5/Bottom 5 Price Diff to 200 day moving av. (dma)⁴



CFIC futures net positionina as at report date, percent change from previous 3 months.
 Percent change in inventory base
 Roll yields calculated as percent change between front month futures price and next month futures price on Feb 13, 2019.
 Percent difference between the front month futures price and its 200 day moving average on Feb 13, 2019.

Summary Tables



PRICES ¹	Current	Unit	1 Month	3 Month	6 Month	1 Year	ROLL YIELDS ²	Unit	Exchange	13-Feb	1 Week	1 Month	3 Mont
Energy							Energy						
WTI Oil	54	USD/bbl.	4.5%	-3.2%	-19.8%	-8.9%	WTI Oil	USD/bbl.	NYMEX	-0.8%	-0.6%	-0.6%	-0.4%
Brent Oil	64	USD/bbl.	5.2%	-2.8%	-12.4%	1.4%	Brent Oil	USD/bbl.	ICE	0.0%	-0.1%	-0.3%	-0.4%
Natural Gas	2.6	USD/MMBtu	-16.9%	-37.2%	-12.1%	-0.7%	Natural Gas		NYMEX	-1.8%	0.2%	9.2%	-0.1%
Gasoline	1.5	USd/gal.	4.6%	-5.0%	-27.3%	-13.1%	Gasoline	USd/gal.	NYMEX	-11.3%	-10.9%	-1.3%	0.7%
Heating Oil	1.9	USd/gal.	3.1%	-6.0%	-9.3%	5.5%		USd/gal.	NYMEX	0.2%	0.3%	0.5%	0.3%
Carbon	20.8	EUR/MT	-7.8%	3.4%	15.5%	111.0%	Carbon	EUR/MT	ICE	-0.2%	-0.2%	-0.2%	-0.6%
Agriculture Wheat	5.2	USd/bu.	0.5%	2.9%	-2.1%	13.3%	Agriculture Wheat	USd/bu.	CBOT	-0.7%	-0.5%	-1.1%	-1.8%
Corn	3.8	USd/bu.	0.1%	3.3%	6.2%	3.3%	Corn	USd/bu.	CBOT	-2.1%	-0.5%	-2.2%	-2.8%
Soybeans	9.2	USd/bu.	1.9%	5.7%	7.4%	-9.4%	Soybeans	USd/bu.	CBOT	-1.5%	-1.5%	-1.4%	-1.5%
Sugar	0.1	USd/lb.	-0.2%	1.1%	23.8%	-5.4%	Sugar	USd/lb.	NYBOT	1.4%	0.1%	-1.1%	-1.2%
Cotton	0.7	USd/lb.	-3.6%	-7.9%	-16.0%	-8.5%	Cotton	USd/lb.	NYBOT	-2.2%	-1.6%	-2.0%	-2.6%
Coffee	1.0	USd/lb.	-4.8%	-9.4%	-6.9%	-19.4%	Coffee	USd/lb.	NYBOT	-3.3%	-2.8%	-3.3%	-3.3%
Soybean Oil	0.3	USd/lb.	6.5%	8.9%	6.2%	-5.0%	Soybean Oil		CBOT	-1.2%	-1.0%	-1.0%	-0.7%
Cocoa	2,248	USD/MT	-4.6%	1.7%	6.0%	12.5%	Cocoa	USD/MT	NYBOT	-1.7%	-1.0%	-1.4%	-2.4%
Industrial Metals	2,2 10	005/111	11070	11770	0.070	12.070	Industrial Me		111201	11,70	11070	11170	21170
Aluminium	1,837	USD/MT	1.3%	-4.6%	-11.0%	-13.9%	Aluminium	USD/MT	LME	-0.8%	-0.8%	-1.0%	-0.7%
Copper	2.8	USd/lb.	4.2%	3.2%	1.5%	-12.3%	Copper	USd/lb.	COMEX	-0.2%	-0.2%	-0.3%	-0.6%
Copper (LME)	6,124	USD/MT	3.4%	0.5%	0.0%	-11.9%	Copper (LME		LME	-0.1%	-0.1%	-0.3%	0.1%
Zinc	2,596	USD/MT	3.9%	1.9%	5.1%	-25.7%	Zinc	USD/MT	LME	-0.2%	-0.2%	-0.5%	1.7%
Nickel	12,328	USD/MT	8.0%	9.4%	-8.4%	-8.1%	Nickel	USD/MT	LME	-0.2%	-0.1%	0.1%	-0.2%
Lead	2,012	USD/MT	1.2%	4.1%	-4.7%	-21.6%	Lead	USD/MT	LME	-0.1%	-0.3%	-0.6%	-0.6%
Tin	21,155	USD/MT	3.8%	9.6%	9.1%	-2.0%	Tin	USD/MT	LME	0.0%	0.0%	0.3%	0.0%
Precious Metals							Precious Met						
Gold	1,311	USD/t oz.	1.7%	9.1%	10.0%	-1.3%	Gold	USD/t oz.	COMEX	-0.3%	-0.4%	-0.5%	-0.5%
Silver	15.7	USD/t oz.	0.0%	12.0%	4.5%	-5.3%	Silver	USD/t oz.	COMEX	-0.6%	-0.6%	-0.6%	-0.9%
Platinum	792	USD/t oz.	-2.6%	-5.9%	-1.0%	-18.8%	Platinum	USD/t oz.	NYMEX	-0.7%	-0.6%	-0.5%	-0.5%
Palladium	1,373	USD/t oz.	7.3%	25.7%	55.8%	40.0%	Palladium	USD/t oz.	NYMEX	0.6%	0.6%	0.8%	0.5%
Livestock							Livestock						
Live Cattle	1.3	USd/lb.	0.8%	9.2%	17.5%	-0.7%	Live Cattle	USd/lb.	CME	-0.8%	-0.6%	-1.0%	-3.3%
Lean Hogs	0.6	USd/lb.	-12.0%	-3.8%	-0.7%	-24.8%	Lean Hogs	USd/lb.	CME	-7.7%	-8.2%	-7.4%	-10.5%
Feeder Cattle	1.4	USd/lb.	-1.8%	-3.7%	-3.4%	-2.5%	Feeder Cattl	USd/lb.	CME	-1.7%	-1.2%	0.3%	0.5%
FTC NET POSITIONII	NG ³	Current	5 Yr Average	1 Month	6 Month	1 Year	INVENTOR	Y LEVELS⁴	Current	5 Yr Average	1 Month	3 Month	6 Mont
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nergy							Energy						
WTI Oil		381,183	428,814	332,714	639,606	735,608	Oil - US		450,840	8.5%	3%	2%	9%
Brent Oil**		47,760	168,653	-23,832	253,437	390,925	Oil - OECD Eu	•	328	-2%	0%	-4%	-9%
Natural Gas		15,846	-114,297	-7,952	-109,165	-105,468	Natural Gas -		1,882	-27%	-26%	-42%	-21%
Gasoline		83,203	69,377	83,208	110,810	87,525	Gasoline - DC		258,301	6%	1%	14%	11%
Heating Oil		-5,816	12,477	-6,388	38,190	28,666	Heating Oil - [11,341	-21%	2%	14%	35%
griculture							Industrial Met	als					
Wheat		1,040	-42,570	-4,619	63,219	-29,318	Aluminium		1,985,636	-35%	0%	8%	-3%
Corn		112,113	89,476	135,784	52,204	93,544	Aluminium - LI		1,280,875	-51%	0%	21%	12%
Soybeans		-8,262	52,528	14,265	-41,461	53,241	Aluminium - Sł	HFE	704,761	65%	2%	-10%	-23%
Sugar		64	71,761	-44,394	-75,089	-87,313	Copper		364,297	-30%	9 %	-21%	-42%
Cotton		4,752	59,271	7,298	106,561	80,687	Copper - LME		147,900	-40%	11%	-12%	-42%
Coffee		-50,134	-2,714	-51,888	-88,251	-36,650	Copper - SHFE		142,727	-18%	46%	0%	-17%
Soybean Oil		16,064	34,688	-2,325	-56,505	27,314	Copper - COI	MEX	73,670	-27%	-29%	-51%	-63%
Cocoa		18,715	28,327	21,158	7,231	18,247	Nickel - LME		199,476	-45%	-1%	-8%	-20%
dustrial Metals ⁵		21051		10010	0.104	10.005	Zinc		148,456	-74%	-3%	-12%	-50%
Copper (COMEX)		-24,851	2,218	-19,868	2,124	43,885	Zinc - LME		101,525	-76%	-20%	-23%	-59%
Copper (LME)		42,047	39,432	34,525	27,132	32,101	Zinc - SHFE		46,931	-68%	74%	26%	-5%
Aluminium		160,885	157,217	144,427	155,010	138,313	Lead		95,044	-55%	-29%	-21%	-31%
Nickel		9,484	12,442	7,593	10,403	14,505	Lead - LME		67,450	-61%	-35%	-39%	-45%
Zinc		50,340	43,589	40,361	43,837	41,078	Lead - SHFE		27,594	-29%	-6%	192%	72%
Lead		44,931	52,120	44,473	58,952	43,284	Tin		9,557	-2 %	-1%	-13%	-2%
Tin		8,174	7,620	8,139	7,517	7,124	Tin - LME		1,440	-74%	0%	-52%	-49%
a aigus Atalala		07.000	124 000	101.001	/ 005	100.450	Tin - SHFE		8,117	93%	-2%	1%	17%
		96,939	134,899	121,291	-6,995	192,450	Agriculture		0/7.500	27.40	0.07	0.00	0.00
Gold		10.007			4,327	7,449	Wheat - USDA		267,530	36.6%	-0.2%	0.3%	3.3%
Gold Silver		49,236	35,945	55,375					200 700	11007		0.707	00.00
Gold Silver Platinum		2,654	26,013	12,876	-7,387	39,451	Corn - USDA	·D 4	309,780	112%	0.3%	0.7%	
Gold Silver Platinum Palladium							Corn - USDA Soybeans - US	iDA .	106,720	69%	0.3% -7.5%	-4.8%	1%
Gold Silver Platinum Palladium vestock		2,654 13,697	26,013 15,215	12,876 14,987	-7,387 3,672	39,451 15,972	Corn - USDA Soybeans - US Sugar - USDA		106,720 52,850	69% 47%	0.3% -7.5% -	-4.8% -	1% 8%
Gold Silver Platinum Palladium vestock Live Cattle		2,654 13,697 127,069	26,013 15,215 87,428	12,876 14,987 121,521	-7,387 3,672 76,139	39,451 15,972 115,860	Corn - USDA Soybeans - US Sugar - USDA Cotton - USDA	Ą	106,720 52,850 75,500	69% 47% 6%	0.3% -7.5% - 3.2%	-4.8% - 4.0%	1% 8% -2.1%
Silver Platinum Palladium vestock		2,654 13,697	26,013 15,215	12,876 14,987	-7,387 3,672	39,451 15,972	Corn - USDA Soybeans - US Sugar - USDA	A A	106,720 52,850	69% 47%	0.3% -7.5% -	-4.8% -	

1Performance of front month futures from 13 Feb 18 (1 Year), 13 Aug 18 (6 Month), 13 Nov 18 (3 Month) and 13 Jan 19 (1 Month) to 13 Feb 19.
2Roll return non-annualised from front month futures into second "month on 15 Nov 18 (3 Month), 14 Jan 19 (1 Month), 06 Feb 19 (1 Week), 13 Feb 19.

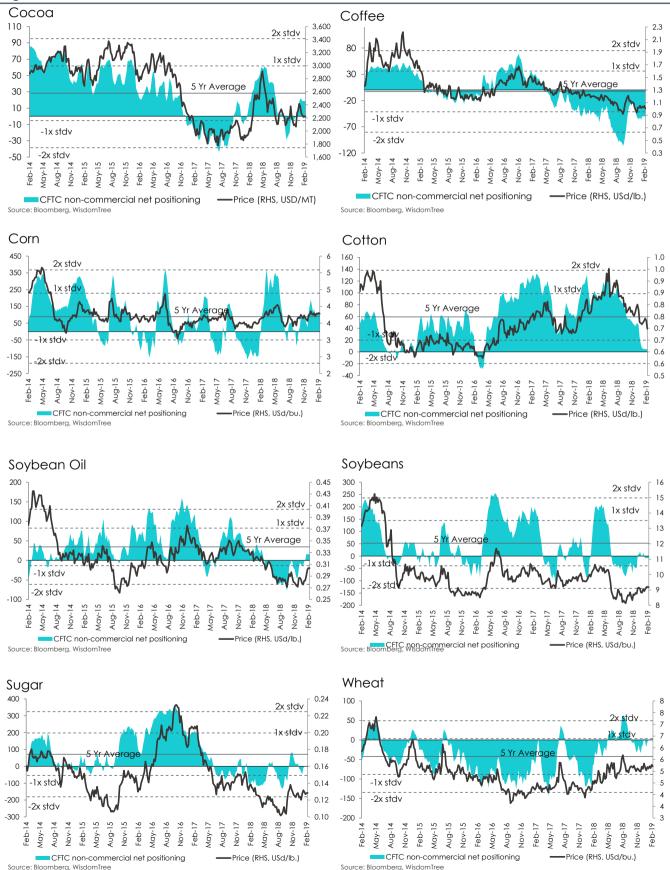
³Net positions in number of contracts. ⁴Current inventories relative to 1, 3, 6 months ago. Under the column "5 yr average" is the current inventory level relative to 5 year average inventory. For energy, 5 yr average is the average of the same month as report month over the past 5 years. SHFE started reporting inventory data from April 2015. SAll Industrial metals positioning data (excluding copper) is sourced from LME COTR data in Bloomberg from 30 January 2018 (first available date) under post-MIFID rules. **Brent 5 Yr average of net positions from January 2011 as positions were not reported by CFTC before then and inventory data (OECD) reported with 3 month lag with current = Nov 2018.

Historical performance is not an indication of future performance and any investments may go down in value.



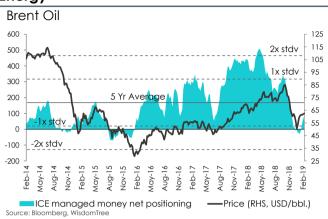
CFTC Speculative Net Long Futures Positions



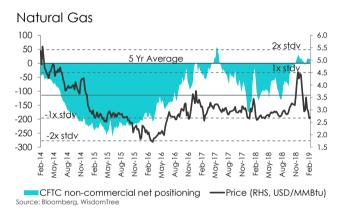




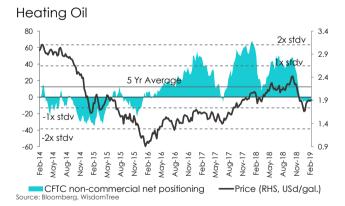
Energy





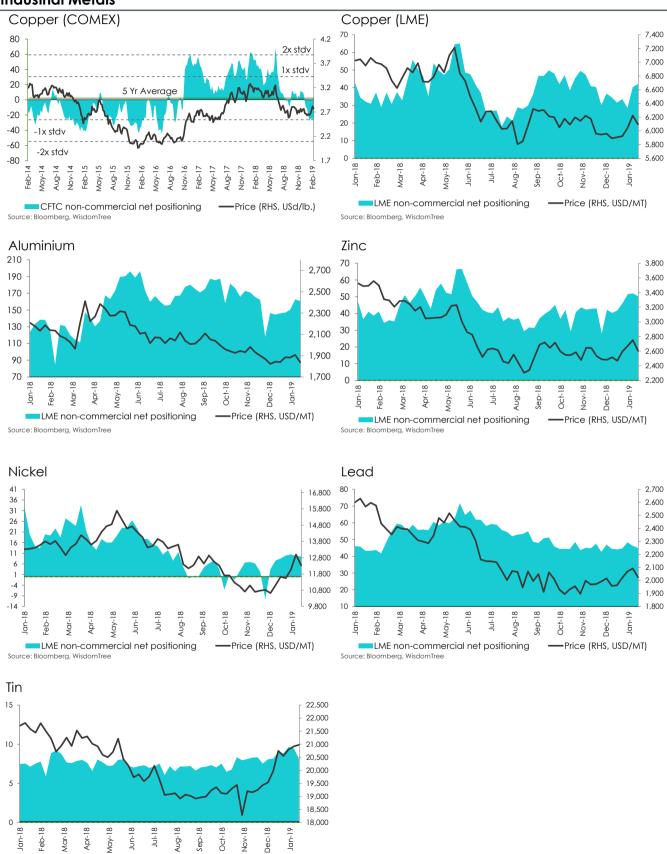








Industrial Metals



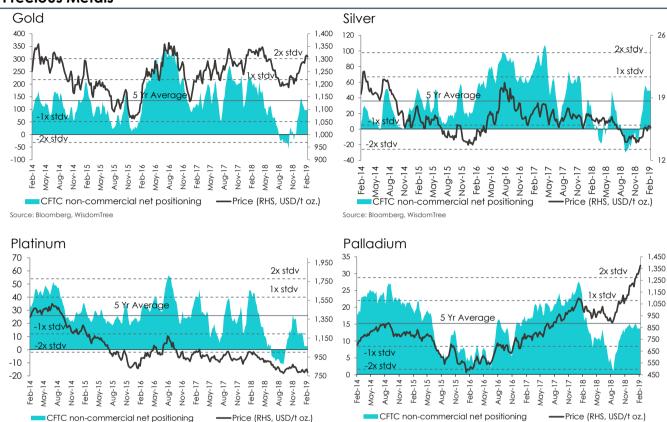
Price (RHS, USD/MT)

LME non-commercial net positioning

Source: Bloomberg, WisdomTree

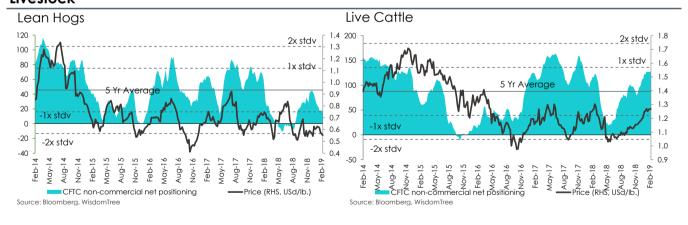


Precious Metals

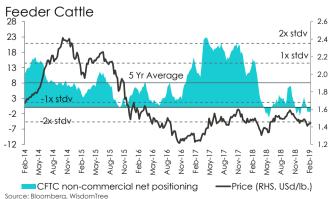


Livestock

Source: Bloomberg, WisdomTree



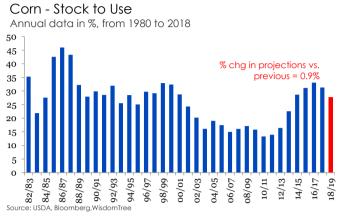
Source: Bloomberg, WisdomTree

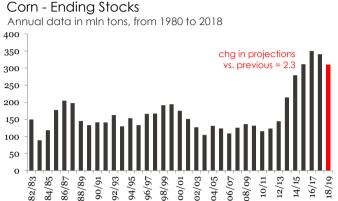


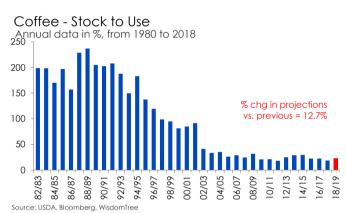


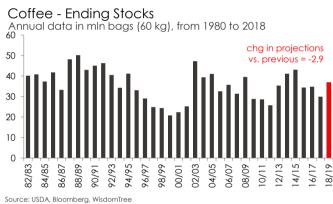
Inventories

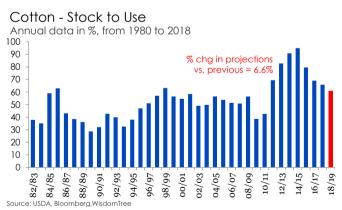
Agriculture

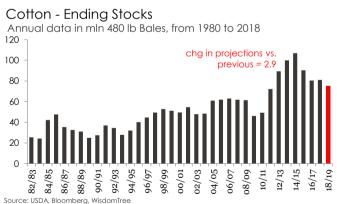


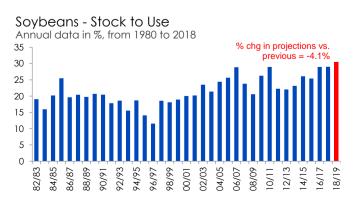


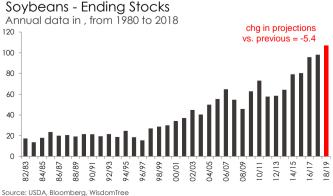








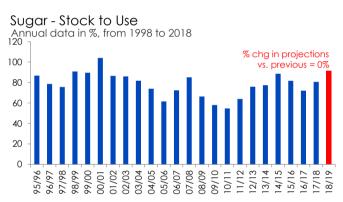


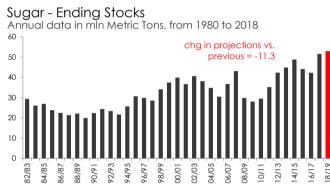


Source: USDA, Bloomberg, WisdomTree



Soybean Oil - Stock to Use Annual data in %, from 1980 to 2018 18 16 % chg in projections vs 14 previous = 4.8%12 10 8 6 4 02/03 12/13 82/83 68/88 26/96 66/86 00/01 10/11

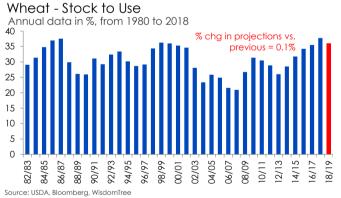






Source: USDA, Bloomberg, WisdomTree

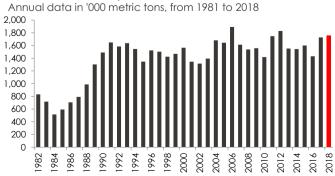
Source: USDA, Bloomberg, WisdomTree





Source: USDA, Bloomberg, WisdomTree

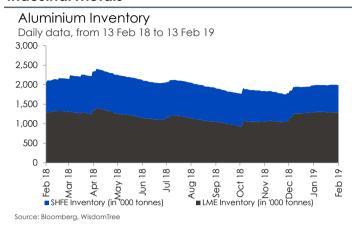
Cocoa - Inventory

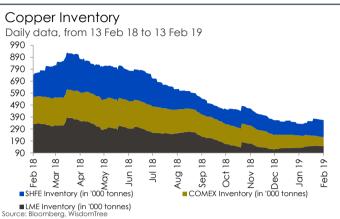


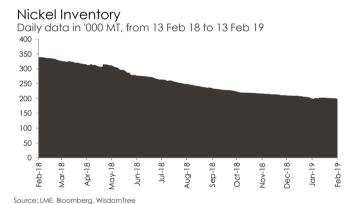
Source: International Cocoa Organisation, Bloomberg, WisdomTree

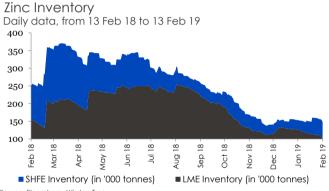


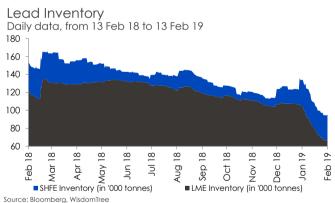
Industrial Metals

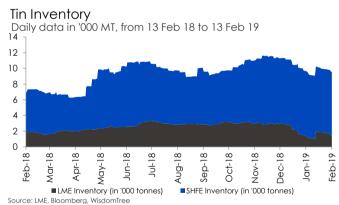




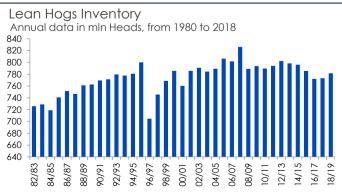


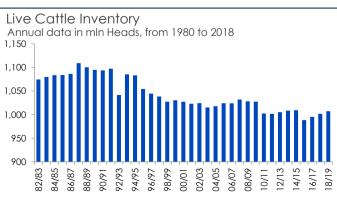






Livestock



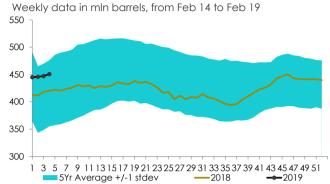


ource: USDA, Bloomberg, WisdomTree



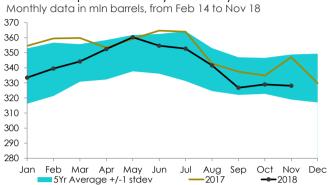
Energy

US Oil Inventory



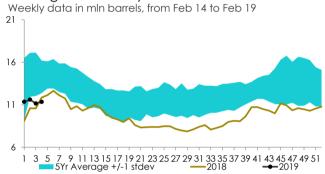
Source: DOE, Bloomberg, WisdomTree

OECD Europe Oil Industry Inventory



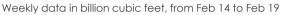
Source: IEA, Bloomberg, WisdomTree

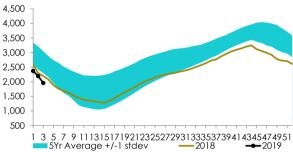
Heating Oil Inventory



Source: DOE, Bloomberg, WisdomTree

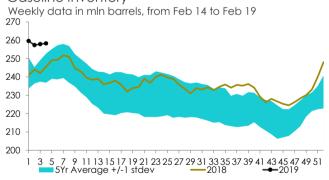
Natural Gas Inventory





Source: DOE, Bloomberg, WisdomTree

Gasoline Inventory

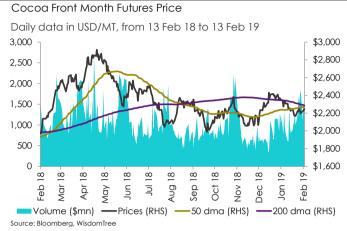


Source: DOE, Bloomberg, WisdomTree

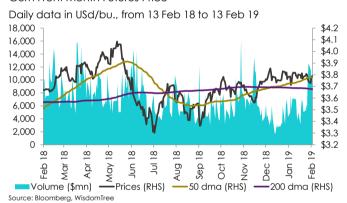


Commodities Front Month Futures and **Trading Volumes**

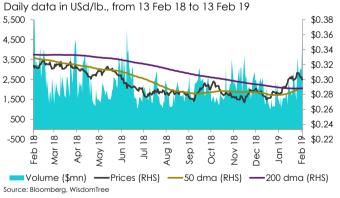
Agriculture



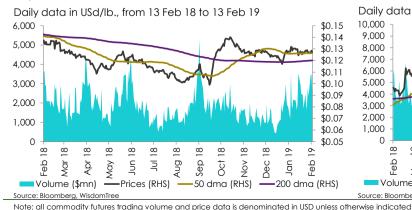
Corn Front Month Futures Price



Soybean Oil Front Month Futures Price



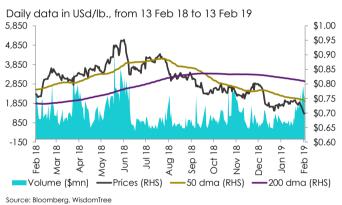
Sugar Front Month Futures Price



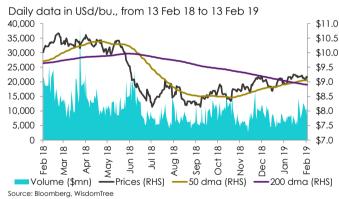
Coffee Front Month Futures Price



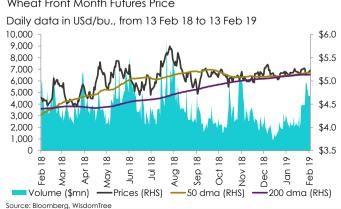
Cotton Front Month Futures Price



Soybeans Front Month Futures Price

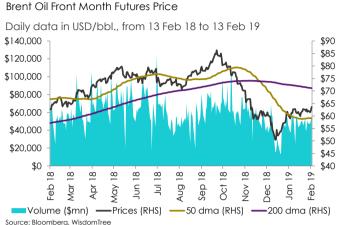


Wheat Front Month Futures Price

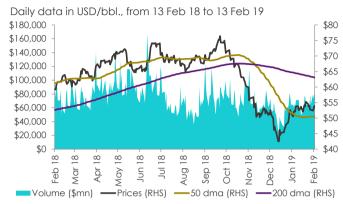




Energy

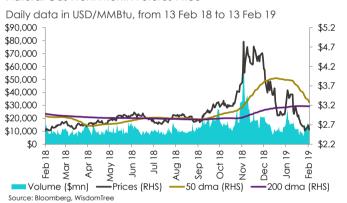


WTI Oil Front Month Futures Price

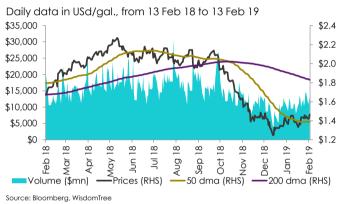


Source: Bloomberg, WisdomTree

Natural Gas Front Month Futures Price

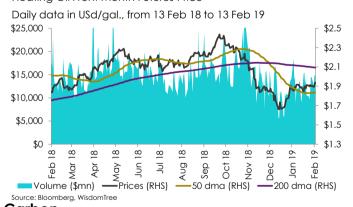


Gasoline Front Month Futures Price



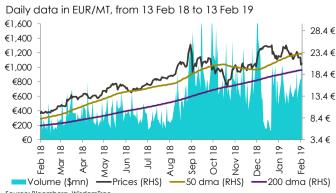
Source: Bloomberg, WisdomTree

Heating Oil Front Month Futures Price



Carbon

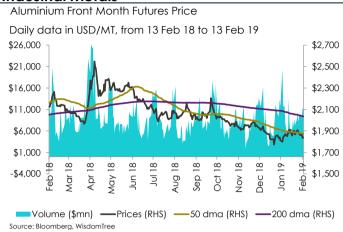
Carbon Front Month Futures Price



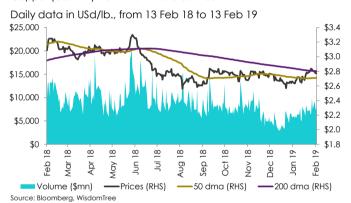
Source: Bloomberg, WisdomTree



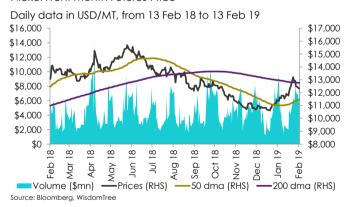
Industrial Metals



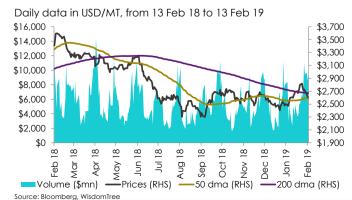




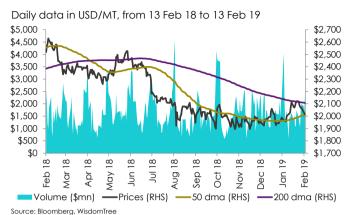
Nickel Front Month Futures Price



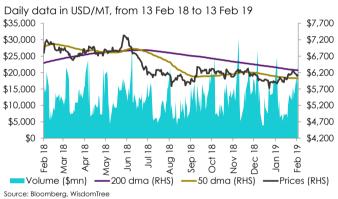
Zinc Front Month Futures Price



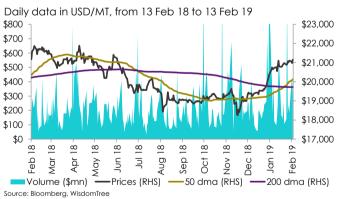
Lead Front Month Futures Price



Copper (LME) Front Month Futures Price



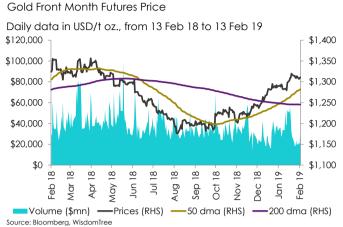
Tin Front Month Futures Price





-200 dma (RHS)

Precious Metals



Silver Front Month Futures Price Daily data in USD/t oz., from 13 Feb 18 to 13 Feb 19 \$18,000 \$21 \$16,000 \$20 \$14,000 \$19 \$12,000 \$18 \$10,000 \$17 \$8,000 \$16 \$6,000 \$15 \$4,000 \$14 \$2,000 \$13 \$0 œ œ œ œ N ⋽ Aug 9 Jan Oct

-50 dma (RHS)

Platinum Front Month Futures Price

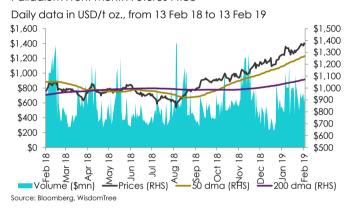


Palladium Front Month Futures Price

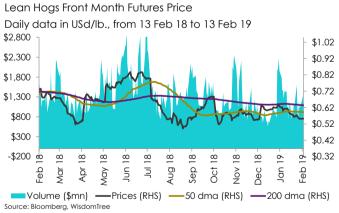
-Prices (RHS)

Volume (\$mn)

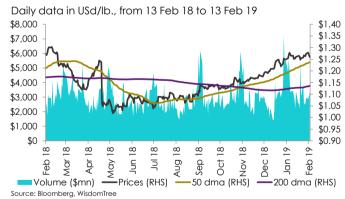
Source: Bloomberg, WisdomTree



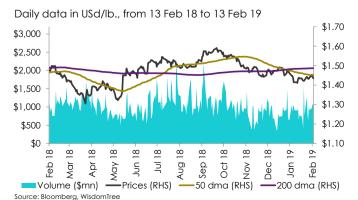
Livestock



Live Cattle Front Month Futures Price



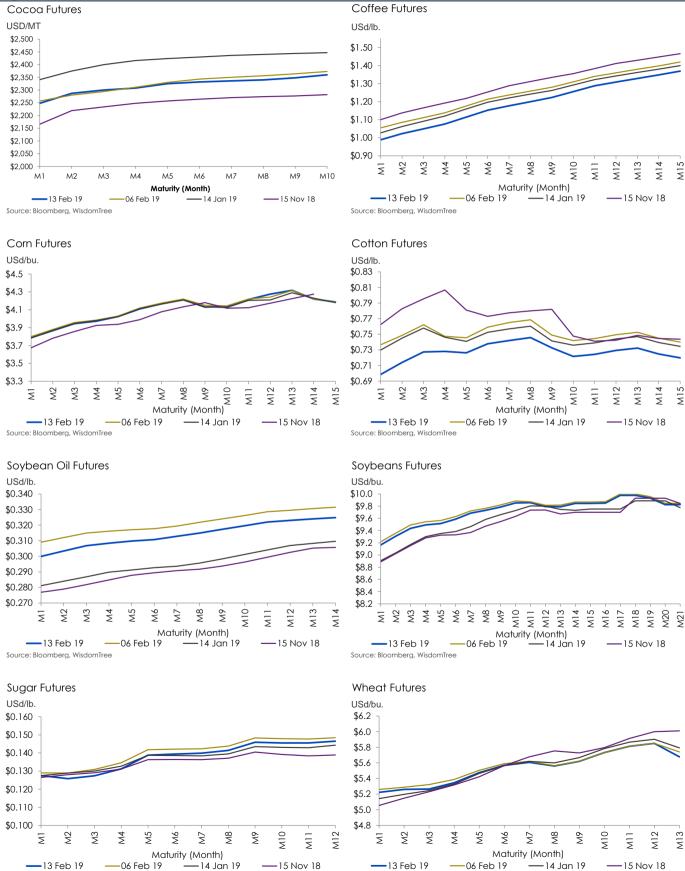
Feeder Cattle Front Month Futures Price





Futures Curves



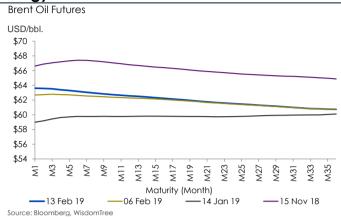


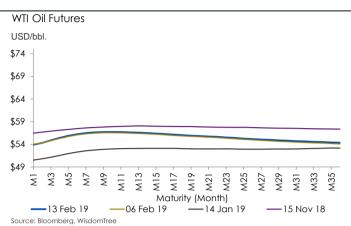
Source: Bloomberg, WisdomTree

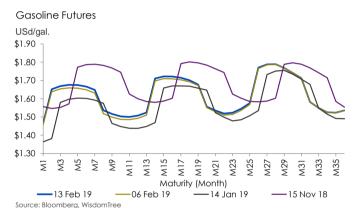
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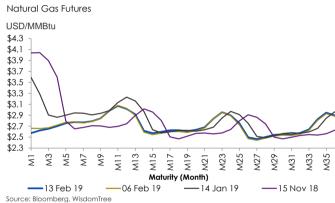


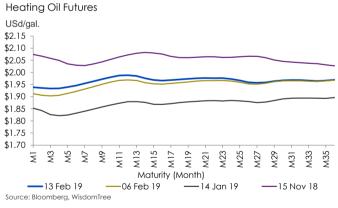




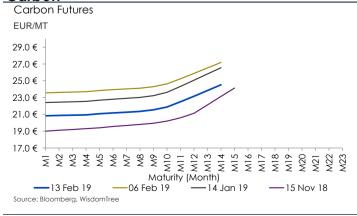






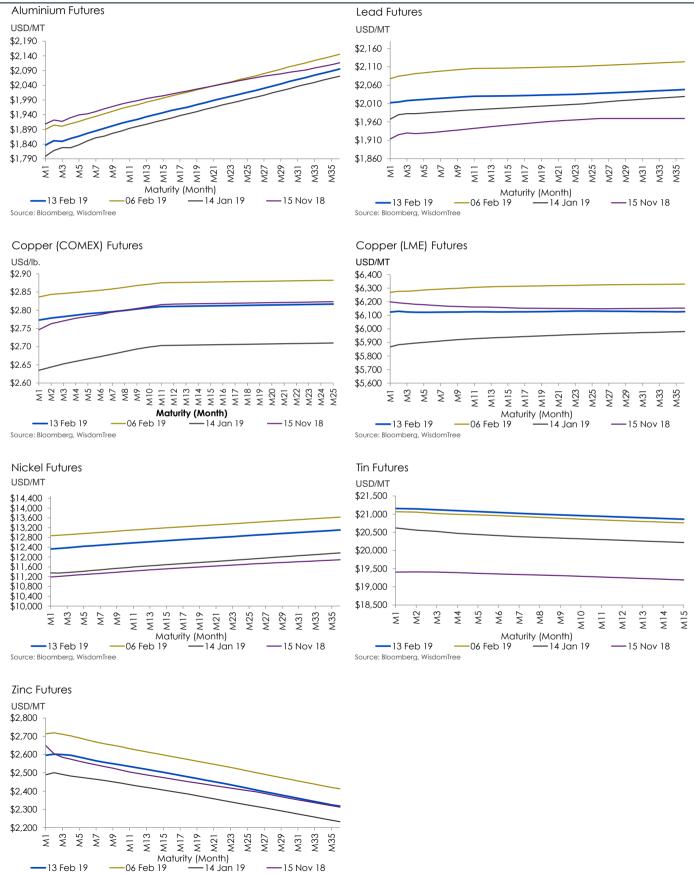


Carbon



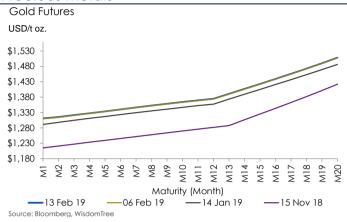


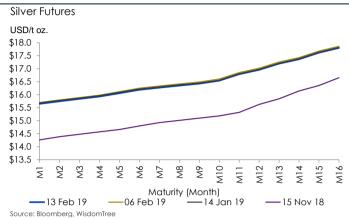
Industrial Metals

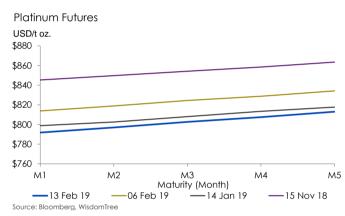


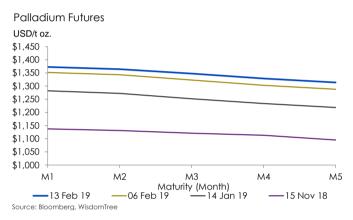


Precious Metals

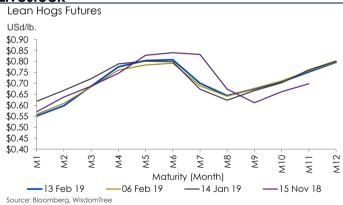


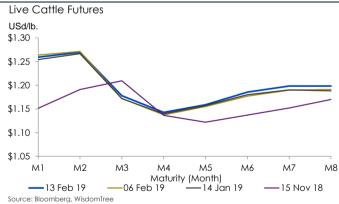




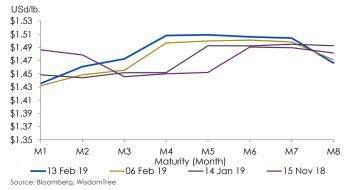


Livestock





Feeder Cattle Futures





Commodity Monthly Matrix Explained

Score based on unweighted sum of four fundamental/technical measures detailed below with each measure awarded a possible score of -1, 0, or 1 depending on whether variable is viewed as fundamentally negative, neutral or positive. Score ranging from -4 to +4. For commodities where data is not available or not relevant, scores are calculated on remaining variables and adjusted to the -4 to +4 scale. The score matrix is designed to highlight significant changes in key variables but should not be viewed as predictor of performance.

The four fundamental/technical measures are as follow:

- price vs. 200 days moving average: 1 when price is above 200dma and return is positive, -1 when price is below 200dma and return is negative, 0 otherwise
- % change in net positioning over the past month: 1 when % change is positive, -1 when % change is negative, 0 when no change
- % change in inventory level over the past 3 months: 1 when % is negative, -1 when % is positive, 0 when no change
- roll yield between the front and second month futures contracts: 1 when in backwardation, -1 when in contango, 0 when no change

CALENDAR

WisdomTree - R	ecent Blogs	
18-Feb-19	WisdomTree	Small caps as responsible repurchases
18-Feb-19	WisdomTree	<u>Factor investing as an edge</u>
14-Feb-19	Christopher Gannatti	Will 2019 be the year of small caps in Europe
13-Feb-19	WisdomTree	50 shades of value
11-Feb-19	Aneeka Gupta	The 500km dispute
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04-Feb-19	Nitesh Shah	El Niño: the impact on agricultural commodities
31-Jan-19	Kevin Flanagan	On second thoughtrates lower for longer
29-Jan-19	Aneeka Gupta	<u>Bre-main</u>
29-Jan-19	Christopher Gannatti	Growth stocks: Will they clear the hurdle?
22-Jan-19	Christopher Gannatti	4 defensively-oriented strategies to consider in 2019
21-Jan-19	Nitesh Shah	Silver outlook 2019: as good as gold?
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Jun - Jul 2018 Research Team <u>Trade wars distort sentiment but fundamentals will prevail</u>

Jul - Aug 2018Research TeamPrecious metals ripe for a short-covering rallyAug - Sept 2018Research TeamSupply tightness aids cyclical commodities

Sept - Oct 2018 Research Team Past peak bearishness

Oct - Nov 2018 Research Team <u>G-20 sets tone for further upside</u>

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Next release		
08-Mar-19	USDA	World Agricultural Supply and Demand Estimates
12-Mar-19	EIA	Short-Term Energy Outlook
14-Mar-19	OPEC	OPEC Oil Market Report
15-Mar-19	IEA	IEA Oil Market Report
	08-Mar-19 12-Mar-19 14-Mar-19	08-Mar-19 USDA 12-Mar-19 EIA 14-Mar-19 OPEC

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