

Summary

- Supply shortages of palladium resulting from Russia's depleted stock levels and falling exports are reinforced by sanctions against Russia.
- Destocking of copper has only just started in Shanghai warehouses, with inventory levels hovering close to peak levels attained in 2012, 2013 and so far this year. Deeper contractions in China producer output for March may add fuel to copper weakening.
- Speculators have positioned along the contrasting supply conditions between copper and palladium. Resilient bullish positioning in palladium vs. growing bearish positioning in copper may drive the performance wedge between the metals wider.
- Investors who share this sentiment may consider the following short and long products from the Boost ETPs product platform (www.boostetp.com/products):

Shorts:

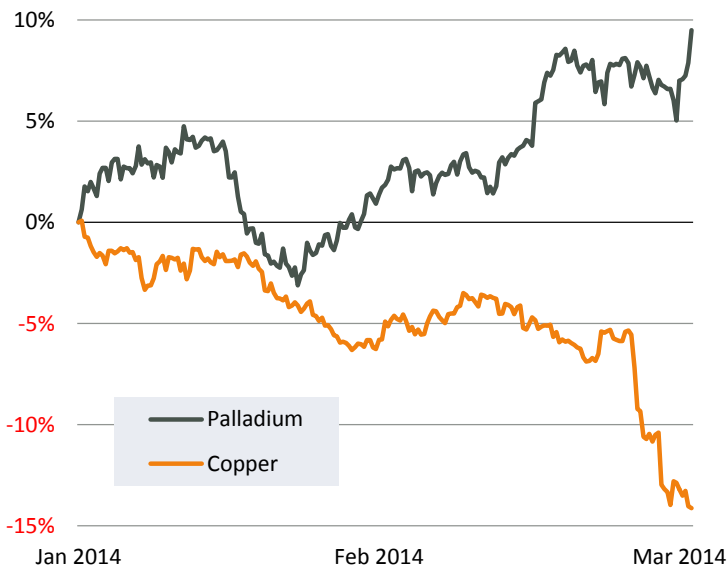
1. Boost Copper 3x Short Daily ETP (3HCS)

Longs:

1. Boost Palladium 2x Leverage Daily ETP (2PAL)

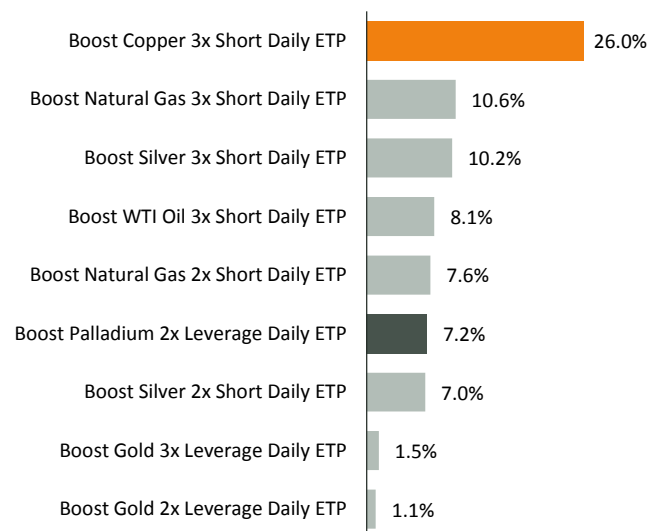
Palladium thriving, copper suffering

Performance YTD (1 Jan to in USD)



Boost's top performing commodity ETCs

Performance MTD (1 to 20 March 2013) in USD



Source: Boost ETP Research, Bloomberg. Data as at 20 March 2014

The political backlash against Russia surrounding the separation of Crimea from Ukraine leaves palladium exposed. As the largest exporter of palladium, Russia may face further sanctions, potentially hampering the trade of palladium. Concerns here reinforce supply shortages of palladium, and bolsters bullish positioning in the metal. In contrast, copper's weakness is underpinned by China's disappointing March PMI numbers for manufacturing, pointing towards deepening output contraction and weak industrial profits. Set against the excessive copper inventory

levels in Shanghai warehouses, copper may continue to succumb to more weakness. Investors sharing this sentiment may consider the following long and short positions:

Long:

1. Boost Palladium 2x Leverage Daily ETP (2PAL)

Shorts:

2. Boost Copper 3x Short Daily ETP (3HCS)

Worries over sanctions against Russia may reinforce tight supply conditions of palladium

According to Johnson Matthey PLC's semi-annual review of platinum and palladium markets released in November last year, the tight supply conditions in palladium should push the market into deficit in 2014. This is driven mainly by palladium's increasing use in the automotive industry, which uses palladium in the manufacturing of catalytic converters. Its robust demand there is expected to outweigh the weakness in demand in the other sectors, most notably jewellery.

However, with Russia's government having sold only 100,000 ounces of palladium in 2013 even while 250,000 ounces were sold in 2012, it is likely that Russia's stockpile of palladium accumulated in the 1980 and 1990s are on the verge of depletion. Following last year's 6.6% decline of Russian palladium supplies (both from state and private sectors), the tight supply conditions in 2014 are now reinforced by the West's imposition of sanctions against Russia. This is a reaction to the events surrounding Crimea's separation from Ukraine.

With Russia being the largest producer of palladium, the combined effect of the Russian state's depleted stockpiles and a deteriorating export outlook is bolstering bullish sentiment in palladium. On NYMEX, net long speculative positions have risen to over 20,000 contracts on palladium. This is somewhat lower than the record levels of bullish positioning seen in 2013, when net long speculative positions exceeded 25,000 contracts during the months of February, March, August and October. However, at 50% of total open interest on NYMEX, the current net long

speculative positions are as high as the levels seen throughout most of last year. The stickiness in bullish positioning may be explained by the fact that last year, palladium stood out as the only precious metals to post gain amidst gold and silver falling into deep bear market territory.

Ironically, palladium may get a further boost given the contrasting supply conditions in industrial metals. The supply overhang in copper is already driving speculators on COMEX to be net short by 21,000 contracts, about the mirror image of the number of contracts that are net long in palladium on NYMEX. Copper may continue to struggle amidst sentiment indicators for China's economy likely to disappoint investors over the coming days. HSBC's China PMI manufacturing shows a continuation in the contraction of industrial output in March. If the downbeat producer sentiment is confirmed in the release of weakening industrial profits later in the week by the National Bureau of Statistics, copper may succumb to further selling pressure. This, coming at a time as the unwinding of supply excesses in copper has helped drive a slump in copper prices, falling 14% this year (see chart 1). At 210,000 tonnes, the deliverable stocks on Shanghai warehouses remain at elevated levels, barely off from last week's peak of 213,000 tonnes attained this year.

As shown in Chart 2, shorting copper with geared ETPs this month produced strong returns to investors. Boost Copper 3x Short Daily ETP (3HCS) was up 26% (see chart 2) even while copper fell by 8.1% in the same period. At the same time, Boost Palladium 2x Leverage Daily ETP (2PAL) is up 7.2% this month, double the 3.6% return of palladium spot prices.

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