Registered No: 90959

Unaudited Interim Financial Report for the Six Months to 30 June 2014

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#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

The directors of ETFS Commodity Securities Limited ("CSL" or the "Company") submit herewith the unaudited interim financial report and interim financial statements of the Company for the period ended 30 June 2014.

#### **Directors**

The names and particulars of the directors of the Company during or since the end of the financial period are:

Mr Graham J Tuckwell - Chairman

Mr Graeme D Ross

Mr Joseph L Roxburgh

Mr Craig A Stewart

(resigned 21 June 2013)

Mr Mark K Weeks

(appointed 21 June 2013)

#### **Directors' Interests**

The following table sets out the only director's interests in Ordinary Shares as at the date of this report:

# <u>Director</u> Graham J Tuckwell (as controlling party of ETF Securities Limited ("ETFSL"))

Ordinary Shares of Nil Par Value

2

# **Principal Activities**

During the period there were no significant changes in the nature of the Company's activities.

# **Review of Operations**

During the period, the Company had the following number of classes, in aggregate, of Commodity Securities in issue and admitted to trading on the following exchanges:

Security	London Stock Exchange	Borsa Italia	Deutsche Börse	NYSE- Euronext Paris	Tokyo Stock Exchange
Classic Commodity Securities	38	31	31	9	14
Longer Dated Commodity Securities	15	4	11	-	-
Short Commodity Securities	34	34	28	-	-
Leveraged Commodity Securities	34	34	28	-	-
Total Commodity Securities	121	103	98	9	14

As at 30 June 2014, assets under management amounted to USD 3,796 million (31 December 2013: USD 3,389 million). The Company recognises its financial assets (Commodity Contracts) and financial liabilities (Commodity Securities) at fair value in the Statement of Financial Position.

# **DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)**

# **Review of Operations (continued)**

During the period, the Company generated income from creation and redemption fees, management fees and licence allowance as follows:

	30 June 2014	30 June 2013
	USD	USD
Creation and Redemption Fees	213,609	177,599
Management Fees and Licence Allowance	11,690,375	14,175,837
Total Fee Income	11,903,984	14,353,436

Under the terms of the service agreement with ETFS Management Company (Jersey) Limited ("ManJer"), the Company accrued expenses equal to the management fees and licence allowance and creation and redemption fees, which, after taking into account other operating income and expenses, resulted in an operating result for the period of USD Nil (30 June 2013: USD Nil).

The gain or loss on Commodity Securities and Commodity Contracts is recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income in line with the Company's accounting policy.

IFRS 13 requires the Company to utilise the available market price for the Commodity Securities as quoted on the open market.

The Company's rights in respect of Commodity Contracts relates to its contractual obligations to trade with certain counterparties at set prices on each trading day. These prices are based on an agreed formula published in the prospectus, and are equal to the published net asset value ("NAV") of each class of Commodity Security.

As a result of the difference in valuation methodology between Commodity Contracts and Commodity Securities there is a mis-match between accounting values, and the results of the Company reflect a gain or loss on the difference between the agreed formula price of the Commodity Contracts and the market price of Commodity Securities. This gain or loss would be reversed on a subsequent redemption of the Commodity Securities and cancellation of the equivalent Commodity Contracts.

#### **Future Developments**

The directors are not aware of any developments that might have a significant effect on the operations of the Company in subsequent financial periods not already disclosed in this report or the attached interim financial statements.

#### **Dividends**

There were no dividends declared or paid in the current or previous period. It is the Company's policy that dividends will only be declared when the directors are of the opinion that there are sufficient distributable reserves.

#### **Employees**

The Company does not have any employees. It is the Company's policy to use the services of specialist subcontractors or consultants as far as possible.

# **DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)**

# **Directors' Remuneration**

No director has a service contract with the Company and details of the directors' remuneration which has been paid by ManJer on behalf of the Company for the period is disclosed below. Mr Craig A Stewart resigned on 21 June 2013, but received his fee to 30 June 2013.

	30 June 2014	30 June 2013
	GBP	GBP
Mr Graham J Tuckwell	Nil	Nil
Mr Graeme D Ross	3,750	3,750
Mr Craig A Stewart	Nil	3,750
Mr Joseph L Roxburgh	Nil	Nil
Mr Mark K Weeks	Nil	Nil

On behalf of the directors

**Graeme D Ross** 

Director Jersey

27 August 2014

#### STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the interim financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare interim financial statements for each financial period. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the interim financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board. The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

International Accounting Standard 1 requires that financial statements present fairly for each financial period the Company's financial position, financial performance and cash flows. This requires the faithful representation of the effects of transactions, other events and conditions in accordance with the definitions and recognition criteria for assets, liabilities, income and expenses set out in the International Accounting Standards Board's 'Framework for the preparation and presentation of financial statements'. In virtually all circumstances, a fair presentation will be achieved by compliance with all applicable IFRSs. However, the directors are also required to:

- Properly select and apply accounting policies;
- Present information, including accounting policies, in a manner that provides relevant, reliable, comparable and understandable information;
- Provide additional disclosures when compliance with the specific requirements in IFRSs are insufficient to enable users to understand the impact of particular transactions, other events and conditions on the entity's financial position and financial performance; and
- Make an assessment of the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies (Jersey) Law 1991. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

By order of the Board

**Graeme D Ross** 

Director

27 August 2014

# STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

		Period ende	ed 30 June
		2014	2013
	Note	Unaudited USD	Unaudited USD
Revenue	2	11,903,984	14,353,436
Expenses	2	(11,903,984)	(14,353,436)
Operating Result	2		
Net Gain / (Loss) Arising on Contractual and Fair Value of Commodity Contracts	6	253,903,158	(564,449,630)
Net (Loss) / Gain Arising on Fair Value of Commodity Securities	7	(248,831,117)	564,449,630
Result and Total Comprehensive Income for the Period	7	5,072,041	_
<sup>1</sup> Adjustment from Market Value to Contractual Formula Price (as set out in the prospectus) of Commodity Securities	1	(5,072,041)	-
Adjusted Result and Total Comprehensive Income for the Period			

The directors consider the Company's activities as continuing.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The definition of non-statutory adjustments is set out on page 9. This represents the movement in the difference between the agreed formula price of the Commodity Contracts and the market price of Commodity Securities.

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	As	at
	30 June 2014	31 December 2013
	Unaudited	Audited
Note	USD	USD
5	2,192,715	2,241,550
6	3,796,307,200	3,389,700,130
6	28,517,415	14,211,084
7	43,144,515	35,616,361
	3,870,161,845	3,441,769,125
7	3,815,389,606	3,413,854,578
7	28,517,415	14,211,084
6	43,144,515	35,616,361
8	2,192,713	2,241,548
	3,889,244,249	3,465,923,571
9	2	2
	(19,082,406)	(24,154,448)
	(19,082,404)	(24,154,446)
	3,870,161,845	3,441,769,125
	5 6 6 7 7 7 6	30 June 2014 Unaudited Note  5

The financial statements on pages 5 to 16 were approved by the board of directors and signed on its behalf on 27 August 2014.

**Graeme D Ross** 

Director

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	Period ended 3	0 June
	2014	2013
	Unaudited	Unaudited
	USD	USD
Operating Result for the Period	-	-
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities		
Decrease in Receivables	48,835	263,930
Increase in Payables	(48,835)	(263,930)
Cash Generated from/(Used in) Operations	-	-
Net Movement in Cash and Cash Equivalents	-	_
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Beginning of the Period Net Movement in Cash and Cash Equivalents		-
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the Period		•

Commodity Securities are issued or redeemed by receipt/transfer of Commodity Contracts and have been netted off in the Statement of Cash Flows.

ETFS COMMODITY SECURITIES LIMITED

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

	Note	Stated Capital USD	Retained Earnings USD	Revaluation Reserve <sup>2</sup> USD	Total Equity USD	Adjusted Total Equity USD
Audited Opening Balance at 1 January 2013		2	ı	1	•	2
Total Comprehensive Income for the Period Unaudited Balance at 30 June 2013	' "	2 2	1   1	*   *	1 1	2
Audited Opening Balance at 1 January 2014		2	ı	(24,154,448)	(24,154,446)	2
Result and Total Comprehensive Income for the Period Transfer to Revaluation Reserve	7	•	5,072,041 (5,072,041)	5,072,041	5,072,041	5,072,041-
<sup>3</sup> Adjustment from Market Value to Contractual Formula Price (as set out in the prospectus) of Commodity Securities Unaudited Balance at 30 June 2014	<b>~</b>	2		19,082,407	19,082,407	(5,072,041)

<sup>2</sup> This represents the difference between the agreed formula price of the Commodity Contracts and the market price of Commodity Securities.

<sup>3</sup> The definition of non-statutory adjustments is set out on page 9.

The notes on pages 9 to 16 form part of these financial statements

#### **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

1. Accounting Policies

The main accounting policies of the Company are described below.

#### **Basis of Preparation**

The interim financial statements for the six months ended 30 June 2014 have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and interpretations issued by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee of the IASB. The interim financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of financial assets and financial liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss and should be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013.

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013. The interim financial statements do not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual financial statements as at 31 December 2013.

The presentation of interim financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies.

The Company makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial period. Estimates are continually evaluated and based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The only key accounting judgement required to prepare these financial statements is in respect of the valuation of Commodity Contracts and Commodity Securities held at fair value through the profit or loss as disclosed in notes 6 and 7. Actual results could vary from these estimates.

This half yearly report has not been audited or reviewed by the Company's auditors.

# **Accounting Standards**

- (a) Standards, amendments and interpretations effective on 1 January 2014 but not relevant to the Company:
  - Amendments to IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements Investment Entities
  - Amendments to IFRS 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities Investment Entities
  - Amendments to IAS 27 Separate Financial Statements Investment Entities
  - Amendments to IAS 36 Impairment of Assets Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-Financial Assets
  - Amendments to IAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation
  - IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of Hedge Accounting
  - IFRIC 21 Levies
- (b) Standards, amendments and interpretations that are in issue but not yet effective:
  - IFRS 9 Financial Instruments (as amended in 2009)
  - IFRS 9 Financial Instruments (as amended in 2010)
  - IFRS 9 Financial Instruments (as amended in 2013) (hedge accounting and amendments to IFRS 9, IFRS 7 and IAS 39)
  - Amendments to IFRS 11 Joint Arrangements accounting for acquisitions of an interest in a joint operation (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016)
  - IFRS 14 Regulatory Deferral Accounts (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016)
  - IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017)
  - Amendments to IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment clarification of acceptable methods of depreciation and amortisation and bringing bearer plants within scope (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

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#### 1. Accounting Policies (continued)

(b) Standards, amendments and interpretations that are in issue but not yet effective (continued):

- IAS 19 Employee Benefits Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014
- Amendments to IAS 38 Intangible Assets clarification of acceptable methods of depreciation and amortisation (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016)
- Amendments to IAS 41 Agriculture bringing bearer plants into the scope of IAS 16 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016)
- Annual Improvements to IFRS (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014)

The directors anticipate that the adoption of these standards in future periods will have no material financial impact; however the amendments may change the presentation of the financial statements. The directors have considered other new and revised standards and concluded that they would not have a material impact on the future financial periods when they become available.

# **Commodity Securities and Commodity Contracts**

# i) Issuance and Redemption

The Company has entered into a facility agreement with UBS and Merrill Lynch to permit the Company to purchase and redeem Commodity Contracts at prices equivalent to Commodity Securities issued or redeemed on the same day. Each time a Commodity Security is issued or redeemed by the Company a matching number and value of Commodity Contracts are purchased or redeemed from UBS or Merrill Lynch. The Commodity Contracts represent financial assets of the Company and the Commodity Securities give rise to financial liabilities.

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised and de-recognised on the trade date.

When Commodity Contracts are redeemed from UBS and Merrill Lynch they are redeemed from the earliest Commodity Contract issued and then the next earliest contract until the redemption has been satisfied. This method is known as first in first out ("FIFO").

#### ii) Pricing

The Commodity Contracts are priced using the product of commodity indices published by Dow Jones & Company and a multiplier calculated by the Company and agreed with UBS and Merrill Lynch. The multiplier takes into account the daily accrual of the management fee and licence allowance as well as the incremental capital enhancement component of the Commodity Security, and is the same across all securities within the same class (i.e. all Classic Commodity Securities use the same multiplier).

The Commodity Securities have been valued using the market price under IFRS 13 which requires the Company to utilise the available market price as the Commodity Securities are quoted on the open market. Consequently differences arising in the pricing of Commodity Securities are included in the statement of financial position and the statement of profit or loss and total comprehensive income in order to fair value the liability. The cumulative differences between the actual settlement value of the Commodity Securities and the fair value are presented as a non-statutory movement entitled 'Adjustment from Market Value to Contractual Formula Price (as set out in the prospectus) of Commodity Securities'.

#### iii) Designation at fair value through Profit or Loss

Each Commodity Security and Commodity Contract comprises a financial instrument whose redemption price is linked directly to the price of the underlying Commodity on a one-to-one basis.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# 1. Accounting Policies (continued)

# **Going Concern**

The nature of the Company's business dictates that the outstanding Commodity Securities may be redeemed at any time by the holder and in certain circumstances may be redeemed by the Company. As the redemption of Commodity Securities will coincide with the redemption of an equal amount of Commodity Contracts, no liquidity risk is considered to arise. All other liabilities of the Company are met by ManJer; therefore the directors consider the Company to be a going concern for the foreseeable future and have prepared the financial statements on this basis.

# Segmental Reporting

A segment is a distinguishable component of the Company that is engaged either in providing products or services (business segment), or in providing products and services within a particular economic environment (geographical segment), which is subject to risks and rewards that are different from those of other segments. The Company reports information on its operations for each of the Company's business segments only, as the Company only has one geographic segment which is the UK and Europe. The directors believe that there are two segments — Classic & Longer Dated and Short & Leveraged— and results of each are disclosed separately in note 3.

# 2. Operating Result

Operating result for the period comprised:

	Period ended 3	0 June
	2014	2013
	Unaudited	Unaudited
	USD	USD
Creation and Redemption Fees	213,609	177,599
Management Fees	10,797,885	13,084,665
Licence Allowance	892,490	1,091,172
Total Revenue	11,903,984	14,353,436
Management Fees to ManJer	(11,903,984)	(14,353,436)
Net Finance Income	-	-
Net Foreign Exchange Gain	= = -	-
Total Operating Expenses	(11,903,984)	(14,353,436)
Operating Result	-	48

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

3. Segmental Reporting

The Company has two operating segments; Classic & Longer Dated and Short & Leveraged. The Company earns revenues from each of these sources.

Previously, the Company reported segmental information for the four separate types of Commodity Securities in issue – Classic, Longer Dated, Short and Leveraged Securities. Comparative balances have been restated to present information for the two operating segments reviewed by the Chief Operating Decision Maker.

For the period ended 30 June 2013 (restated):

	Classic & Longer Dated	Short & Leveraged	Central	Total
Creation and Redemption Fees	106,606	70,993		177,599
Management Fees	8,302,305	4,782,360	-	13,084,665
Licence Allowance	847,147	243,998	-	1,091,172
Total Revenue	9,256,085	5,097,351		14,353,436
Total Operating (Expenses)/Income	(9,256,085)	(5,097,351)	-	(14,353,436)
Segmental Profit	-	**	-	-
For the period ended 30 June	2014:			
	Classic & Longer Dated	Short & Leveraged	Central	Total
Creation and Redemption Fees	110,919	102,690	-	213,609
Management Fees	6,694,919	4,102,966	-	10,797,885
Licence Allowance	683,155	209,335	-	892,490
Total Revenue	7,488,993	4,414,991	_	11,903,984
Total Operating (Expenses)/Income	(7,488,993)	(4,414,991)	-	(11,903,984)
Segmental Profit				_

Additional information relating to the assets and liabilities associated with these securities is disclosed in notes 6 and 7.

#### 4. Taxation

The Company is subject to Jersey Income Tax at the rate of 0%.

#### 5. Trade and Other Receivables

	As	at
	30 June 2014	31 December 2013
	Unaudited	Audited
	USD	USD
Management Fee and Licence Allowance	1,951,648	2,115,675
Creation and Redemption Fees	241,067	125,875
	2,192,715	2,241,550
6. Commodity Contracts		
	Change in Fair Value at 31 December 2013 Audited USD	Fair Value at 31 December 2013 Audited USD
Classic Commodity Contracts	(430,159,116)	2,444,174,990
Forward Commodity Contracts	(11,389,731)	140,236,475
Short Commodity Contracts	50,241,497	360,895,070
Leveraged Commodity Contracts	(180,541,569)	444,393,595
Total Commodity Contracts	(571,848,919)	3,389,700,130
	Unaudited Change in Fair Value at 30 June 2014 Unaudited USD	Unaudited Fair Value at 30 June 2014 Unaudited USD
Classic Commodity Contracts	188,286,009	2,820,093,350
Longer Dated Commodity Contracts	10,733,990	160,771,410
Short Commodity Contracts	(48,648,633)	368,515,621
Leveraged Commodity Contracts	103,531,792	446,926,819
Total Commodity Contracts	253,903,158	3,796,307,200

As at 30 June 2014, there were certain Commodity Contracts awaiting the creation or (redemption) of Commodity Securities with trade dates before the period end and settlement dates in the following period. The amount receivable as a result of unsettled creations at the period end was USD 28,517,415 (31 December 2013: USD 14,211,084), and the amount (payable) as a result of unsettled redemptions at the period end was (USD 43,144,515) (31 December 2013: (USD 35,616,361)).

# 7. Commodity Securities

Whilst the Commodity Securities are quoted on the open market, the Company's liability relates to its contractual obligations to trade with certain counterparties at set prices on each trading day. These prices are based on an agreed formula, and are equal to the published NAVs of each class of Commodity Security. Therefore, the actual contractual issue and redemption of Commodity Securities occur at a price that fully match gains or losses on the Commodity Contracts. As a result the Company has no net exposure to gains or losses on the Commodity Securities and Commodity Contracts.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# 7. Commodity Securities (continued)

Through the adoption of IFRS 13, the Company needs to measure the Commodity Securities at their transferable value rather than their settlement value. The transferable value is deemed to be the prices quoted on stock exchanges or other markets where the Commodity Securities are listed or traded. However Commodity Contracts continue to be valued based on the agreed formula (which is equal to the published NAVs of each class of Commodity Security).

The market price of Commodity Securities is a function of supply and demand amongst investors wishing to buy and sell Commodity Securities and the bid-offer spread that the market makers are willing to quote. The fair values and changes thereof during the period based on prices available on the open market as recognised in the financial statements are:

	Change in Fair Value at 31 December 2013 Audited USD	Market Fair Value at 31 December 2013 Audited USD
Classic Commodity Securities	414,812,325	2,459,521,782
Forward Commodity Securities	10,462,990	141,163,216
Short Commodity Securities	(49,833,806)	360,487,378
Leveraged Commodity Securities	172,252,962	452,682,202
Total Commodity Securities	547,694,471	3,413,854,578
	Unaudited Change in Fair Value at 30 June 2014 Unaudited USD	Unaudited Fair Value at 30 June 2014 Unaudited USD
Classic Commodity Securities	191,814,270	2,838,968,402
Longer Dated Commodity Securities	10,329,283	161,293,444
Short Commodity Securities	(47,194,114)	369,562,448
Leveraged Commodity Securities	93,881,678	445,565,312
Total Commodity Securities	248,831,117	3,815,389,606

The contractual redemption values and changes thereof during the year based on the contractual settlement values are:

	Change in Contractual Redemption Value at 31 December 2013 Audited USD	Contractual Redemption Value at 31 December 2013 Audited USD
Classic Commodity Securities	(430,159,116)	2,444,174,990
Forward Commodity Securities	(11,389,731)	140,236,475
Short Commodity Securities	50,241,497	360,895,070
Leveraged Commodity Securities	(180,541,569)	444,393,595
Total Commodity Securities	(571,848,919)	3,389,700,130

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# 7. Commodity Securities (continued)

	Change in Contractual Redemption Value at 30 June 2014 Unaudited USD	Contractual Redemption Value at 30 June 2014 Unaudited USD
Classic Commodity Securities	188,286,009	2,820,093,350
Forward Commodity Securities	10,733,990	160,771,410
Short Commodity Securities	(48,648,633)	368,515,621
Leveraged Commodity Securities	103,531,792	446,926,819
Total Commodity Securities	253,903,158	3,796,307,200

The gain or loss on the difference between the agreed formula price of the Commodity Contracts and the market price of Commodity Securities would be reversed on a subsequent redemption of the Commodity Securities and cancellation of the equivalent Commodity Contracts. This gain or loss has been transferred to a Revaluation Reserve which is non-distributable.

The overall impact is that through the mis-matched accounting values, the results of the Company reflect a gain or loss on the movement in the difference between the agreed formula price of the Commodity Contracts and the market price of Commodity Securities. The mismatched accounting values are as shown below and represent the non-statutory adjustment presented on the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income:

	Period Ended 30 June 2014 Unaudited USD	Year Ended 31 December 2013 Audited USD
Net Gain / (Loss) Arising on Contractual and Fair Value of Commodity Contracts	253,903,158	(571,848,919)
Net (Loss) / Gain Arising on Contractual Redemption Value of Commodity Securities	(248,831,117)	547,694,471
	5,072,041	(24,154,448)

As at 30 June 2014, there were certain Commodity Securities awaiting (creation) or redemption with trade dates before the period end and settlement dates in the following period. The amount (receivable) as a result of unsettled redemptions at the period end was (USD 43,144,515) (31 December 2013: (USD 35,616,361)), and the amount payable as a result of unsettled creations at the period end was USD 28,517,415 (31 December 2013: USD 14,211,084).

# 8. Trade and Other Payables

	As	As at	
	30 June 2014	31 December 2013	
	Unaudited	Audited	
	USD	USD	
s Payable to ManJer	2,192,713	2,241,548	

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# 9. Stated Capital

	As	As at	
	30 June 2014	31 December 2013	
	Unaudited	Audited	
	USD	USD	
2 Shares of Nil Par Value, Issued at GBP 1 Each	2	2	

The Company can issue an unlimited capital of nil par value shares.

All shares issued by the Company carry one vote per share without restriction and carry the right to dividends. All shares are held by ETFS Holdings (Jersey) Limited ("HoldCo").

# 10. Related Party Disclosures

Entities and individuals which have a significant influence over the Company, either through the ownership of HoldCo shares or by virtue of being a director of the Company, are related parties.

Management Fees paid to ManJer during the period:

	Period Ended 30 June 2014 Unaudited USD	Year Ended 31 December 2013 Audited USD
Management Fees	11,903,984	27,056,486
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The following balances were due to ManJer at period end:

As at	
30 June 2014	31 December 2013
Unaudited	Audited
USD	USD
2,192,713	2,241,548
	Unaudited USD

As disclosed in the Directors' Report, ManJer paid directors' fees in respect of the Company of GBP 3,750 (30 June 2013: GBP 7,500).

Graeme D Ross and Craig A Stewart are directors of R&H Fund Services (Jersey) Limited ("R&H"), the administrator. During the period, R&H charged ManJer secretarial and administration fees in respect of the Company of GBP 98,272 (30 June 2013: GBP 100,380), of which GBP 49,136 (30 June 2013: GBP 50,190) was outstanding at the period end. Craig A Stewart resigned on 21 June 2013, but received his fee to 30 June 2013.

Craig A Stewart was appointed as director of ManJer on 18 July 2013.

Graham J Tuckwell is also a director of ETFSL, ManJer and HoldCo.

#### 11. Ultimate Controlling Party

The immediate parent company is HoldCo, a Jersey registered company. The ultimate controlling party is Graham J Tuckwell through his shareholding in ETFSL. ETFSL is the parent company of HoldCo.