

Principal Amount Reductions

Why do they happen? What do they mean to you?

You bought an Exchange-Traded Note (ETN)/

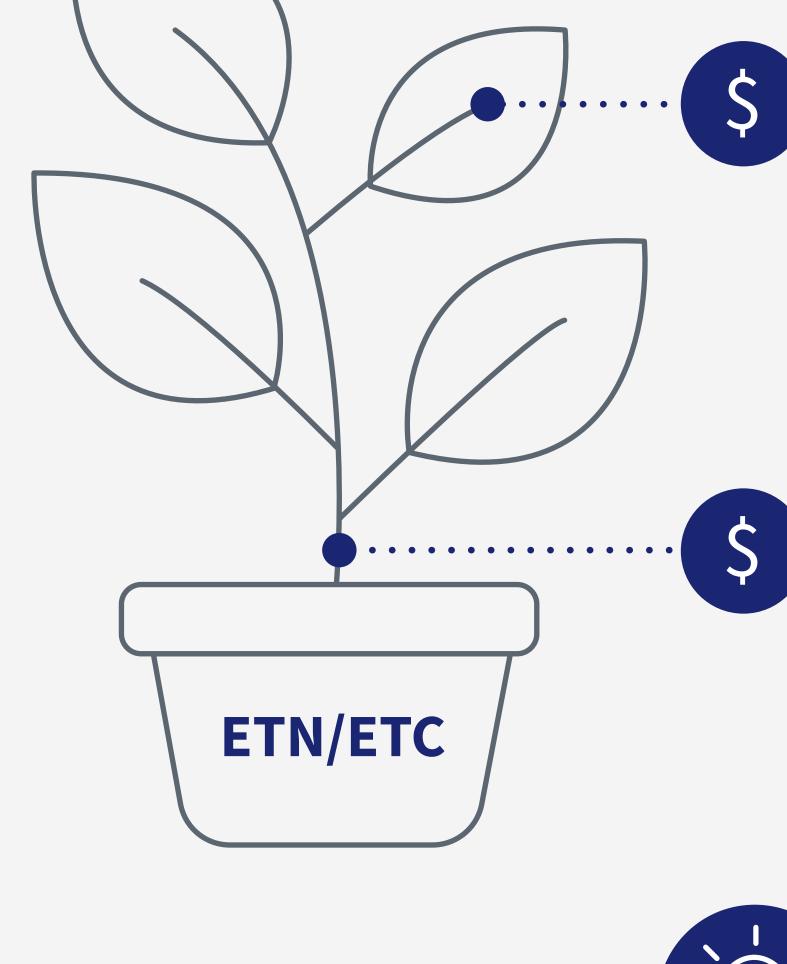
Exchange-Traded Commodity (ETC) The ETPs are structured as debt An ETC/ETN gives you access to an

structure cannot give you access to.

asset and/or leverage factor the ETF

is a technical legal requirement of the ETPs' status as debt interests — in order to be considered a debt interest it must have a "principal" which is the minimum redeemable amount for each note. **Price**

securities. The **Principal Amount**

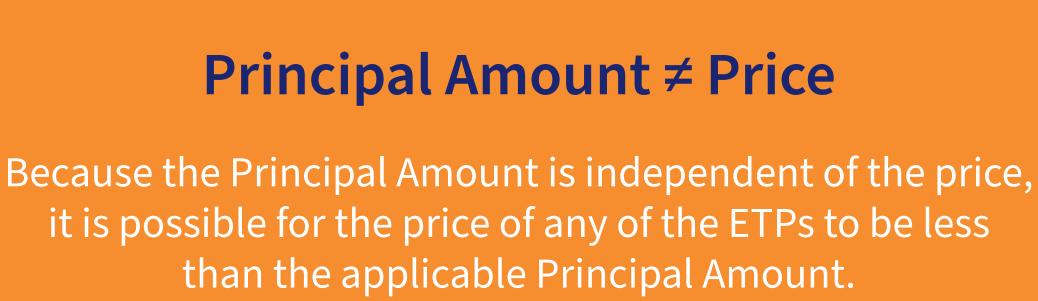


in relevant prospectus, and based on a number of

factors (underlying price, leverage, fees) **Principal Amount** Set at a nominal value

Determined by formula

when the ETP is launched



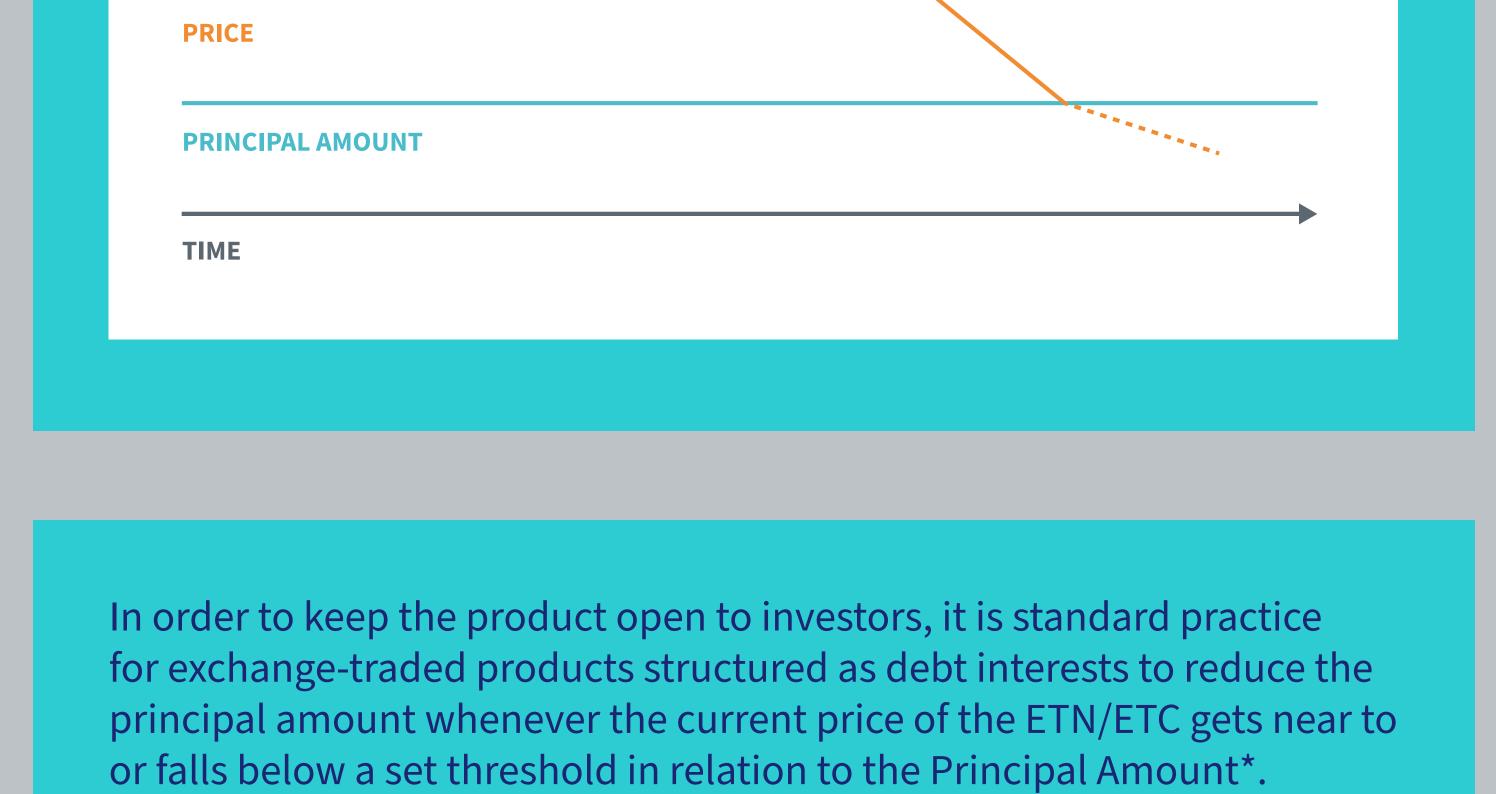
Your ETN/ETC and market moves

Over time, the price of an ETN/ETC changes according to market moves.

In some cases, the price of the ETN/ETC can fall below the Principal

Amount.

PRICE

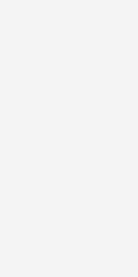


PRINCIPAL AMOUNT TIME

*The specific threshold to trigger a principal amount reduction varies according to the issuer

of the ETN/ETC. For more information on a specific ETN/ETC, see relevant prospectus.

Threshold



Principal Amount

What happens when price reaches the threshold?

A vote is put to the holders of

the ETN/ETC to reduce the

The reduction of the

Principal Amount

DOES NOT

If the vote passes, the Principal

Amount is reduced, allowing the

75% majority

If the vote does not achieve a

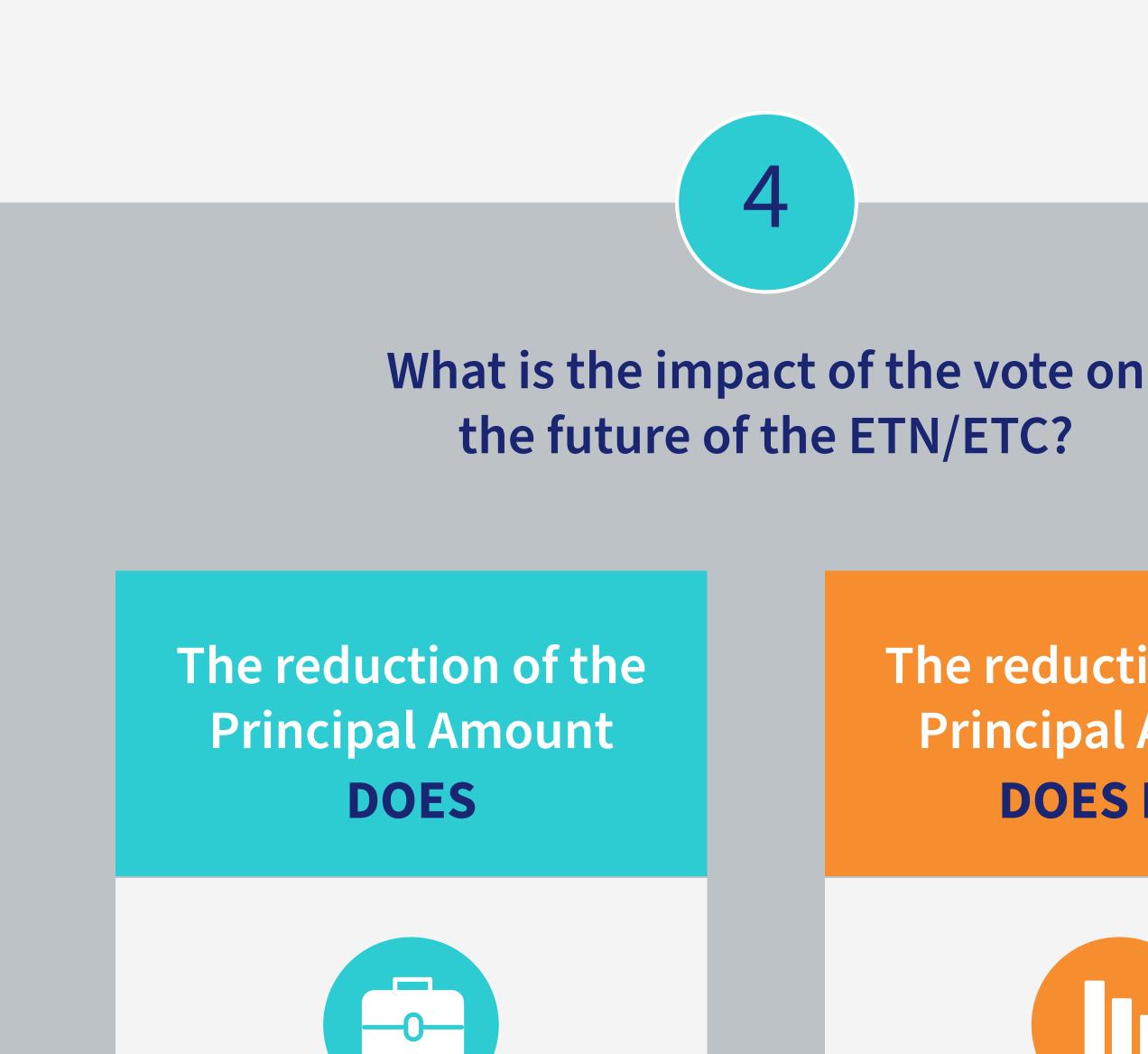
75% majority, the issuer may be

left with no other option than to

and shut the ETN/ETC.

compulsorily redeem all investors

ETC or ETN to remain open.

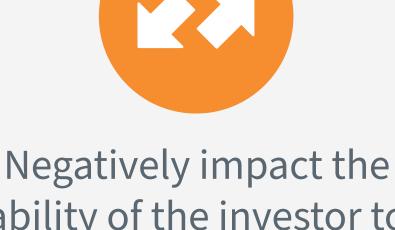


Allow investors that do not

want the ETN/ETC to be

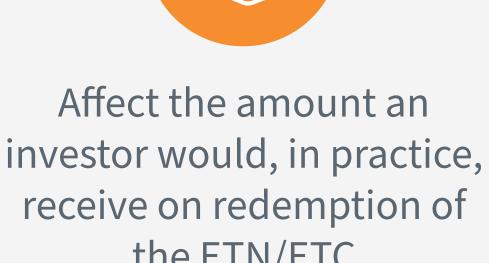
shut to continue holding it

Dilute an investor's holding or reduce the value of the



investor's holding

ability of the investor to trade the ETN/ETC



receive on redemption of the ETN/ETC